To be completed by the Lender: Lender Loan No./Universal Loan Identifier	Agency Case No.
Uniform Residential Loan Application Verify and complete the information on this application. If you a information as directed by your Lender.	re applying for this loan with others, each additional Borrower must provide
Section 1: Borrower Information. This section employment and other sources, such as retirement, that you	asks about your personal information and your income from want considered to qualify for this loan.
1a. Personal Information	
Name (First, Middle, Last, Suffix)	Social Security Number
Alternate Names – List any names by which you are known or any natunder which credit was previously received (First, Middle, Last, Suffix)	mes Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy) U.S. Citizen O Permanent Resident Alien Non-Permanent Resident Alien
Type of Credit O I am applying for individual credit. O I am applying for joint credit. Total Number of Borrowers: Each Borrower intends to apply for joint credit. Your initials:	List Name(s) of Other Borrower(s) Applying for this Loan (First, Middle, Last, Suffix) – Use a separator between names
Marital Status Dependents (not listed by another Borro Married Separated O Unmarried (Single, Divorced, Widowed, Civil Union, Domestic Partnership, Regist Reciprocal Beneficiary Relationship)	Home Phone () Cell Phone () Work Phone () Fyt
Current Address Street	Unit #
City	State ZIP Country
How Long at Current Address? Years Months Housing (No primary housing expense Own O Rent (\$/month)
If at Current Address for LESS than 2 years, list Former Address Street	Does not apply Unit #
City How Long at Former Address? Years Months Housing (State ZIP Country No primary housing expense Own Rent (\$ /month)
Mailing Address – if different from Current Address Does not ap	ply
City	State 7ID Country
	Does not apply
Employer or Business Name	Phone () – Gross Monthly Income
Street	Unit # Base \$/month
	P Country Overtime \$/month
	Bonus \$/month
	eck if this statement applies: I am employed by a family member, Attraction Commission //month
How long in this line of work? Years Months	property seller, real estate agent, or other party to the transaction. Military Entitlements \$/month
	Other \$ /month
Owner or Self-Employed Owner or Self-Employed O I have an ownership share of I have an ownership shar	

Employer or Business Name		Ph	one () –	Gross	Monthly	Income
				Base	\$	/month
Street City			Country	Overtir	ne \$	/month
				Bonus	\$	/month
Position or Title			statement applies:	Commi	ission \$	/month
	(mm/dd/yyyy) Years Months		red by a family membe ler, real estate agent, o transaction	rother Military	/ ments \$	/month
				Other	\$	/month
☐ Check if you are the Business Owner or Self-Employed	I have an ownership sha			e (or Loss) TOTA	L \$	0.00/month
1d. IF APPLICABLE, Complete Information Provide at least 2 years of current Employer or Business Name		ent and income.	Employment and II	Previo	ous Gross	Monthly
Street			Unit #	Incom	ie \$	/month
City	State	ZIP	Country			
Position or Title						
Start Date / /	(mm/dd/yyyy)		ou were the Busine: Self-Employed	ss		
End Date//	(mm/dd/yyyy)		Jen-Employed			
1 a line come from Other Comme	☐ <i>Does not apply</i> es below. Under Income S	Source, choose fr d Dividends	 Notes Receivable 	ed here: • Royalty Payment • Separate Mainte		• Unemployment Benefits
 Alimony Automobile Allowance Boarder Income Capital Gains Child Sup Disability Foster Car Housing C 	• Mortgage (• Mortgage I or Parsonage Payments	Credit Certificate Differential	Public AssistanceRetirement(e.g., Pension, IRA)	Social SecurityTrust		VA CompensatioOther
Include income from other source - Alimony - Child Sup - Automobile Allowance - Boarder Income - Foster Car - Capital Gains - Housing co	• Mortgage (• Mortgage I or Parsonage Payments	Credit Certificate Differential	• Retirement (e.g., Pension, IRA)	Social SecurityTrust		VA CompensatioOther
Include income from other source • Alimony • Automobile Allowance • Boarder Income • Capital Gains • Housing of this loan.	• Mortgage (• Mortgage I or Parsonage Payments	Credit Certificate Differential	• Retirement (e.g., Pension, IRA)	Social SecurityTrust	g your qua	VA CompensatioOther
Include income from other source • Alimony • Automobile Allowance • Boarder Income • Capital Gains • Housing of this loan.	• Mortgage (• Mortgage I or Parsonage Payments	Credit Certificate Differential	• Retirement (e.g., Pension, IRA)	Social SecurityTrust	Monthl	 VA Compensatio Other
Include income from other source • Alimony • Automobile Allowance • Boarder Income • Capital Gains • Housing of this loan.	• Mortgage (• Mortgage I or Parsonage Payments	Credit Certificate Differential	• Retirement (e.g., Pension, IRA)	Social SecurityTrust	Monthl \$	VA CompensatioOtherlification
Include income from other source • Alimony • Child Sup • Automobile Allowance • Boarder Income • Foster Car	• Mortgage (• Mortgage I or Parsonage Payments	Credit Certificate Differential	• Retirement (e.g., Pension, IRA) Y IF you want it consid	Social SecurityTrust	Monthl \$ \$ \$	 VA Compensatio Other

Section 2: Financial Information — **Assets and Liabilities.** This section asks about things you own that are worth money and that you want considered to qualify for this loan. It then asks about your liabilities (or debts) that you pay each month, such as credit cards, alimony, or other expenses.

2a. Assets – Bank Acco	unts, Retirement, a	nd Other Accounts You Have					
Include all accounts belo Checking Savings Money Market	• Certificate of Dep • Mutual Fund • Stocks	Type, choose from the types osit Stock Options Bonds Retirement (e.g., 40)		• Bridge Loan Pro • Individual Devel Account	opment • Ca:	ist Account sh Value of I ed for the tro	Life Insurance
Account Type – use list ab	pove Fina	ncial Institution	Acc	ount Number		Cash or N	Market Value
						\$	
						\$	
						\$	
						\$	
						\$	
				Provide TOTA	L Amount Here	\$	0.00
Assets • Proceeds from Real Estate Property to be sold on or	• Proceeds from Sa Non-Real Estate A	sset • Other		Credits • Earnest Money • Employer Assista	ed here: • Relocation ance • Rent Credi		• Sweat Equity • Trade Equity
before closing Asset or Credit Type – us	• Secured Borrowe	d Funds		• Lot Equity		Cach or	Market Value
Asset of Credit Type – us	e list above					\$	market value
						\$	
						\$	
						Ś	
				Provide TOT	AL Amount Here	<u> </u>	0.00
				1100100101	712 71110 dilit i i ci t	- -	0.00
2c. Liabilities – Credit C	ards, Other Debts,	and Leases that You Owe	□ Do	es not apply			
List all liabilities below (• Revolving (e.g., credit cards)	•	and include deferred paymer ar, student, personal loans) • Op		er Account Type y (balance paid mon			ted here: Other
Account Type –				· · ·	To be paid off at		
use list above	Company Name	Account Number		Jnpaid Balance	or before closing	Monthly	y Payment
			9			 \$	
				'		1	
				'		\$	
				,		+ '	
			9	5		\$	
			5	\$ \$		\$	
2d. Other Liabilities and		Does not apply	5	5		\$ \$	
	es and expenses b	elow. Choose from the types l	5	re:		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	y Payment
Include all other liabiliti	es and expenses b	elow. Choose from the types l	isted he	re:		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	y Payment
Include all other liabilitie	es and expenses b	elow. Choose from the types l	isted he	re:		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	y Payment

3a. Property You	I Own If you	u are refinancing	ı, list the	property	you are refinancin	g FIRST.			
Address Street								Unit	#
City _					State	ZIP		Count	у
	Status: Sold,	Intended Occu			Insurance,Taxes,	For 2-4 Unit F	Primar	y or Investr	ment Property
Property Value	Pending Sale, or Retained	Investment, Pri Residence, Sec Home, Other		if not inc	t ion Dues, etc. luded in Monthly e Payment	Monthly Renta	al		R to calculate ly Rental Incom
5				\$		\$		\$	
Mortgage Loans	on this Property	☐ Does not	apply						
Creditor Name	Accour	nt Number	Month Mortga Payme	age	Unpaid Balance	To be paid off at or before closing	Conv	e: FHA, VA, rentional, A-RD, Other	Credit Limit (if applicable)
			\$		\$				\$
			\$		\$				\$
3b. IF APPLICAB Address Street City		formation for Ac	lditional	Property	☐ Does not app	•		Unit Counti	
		Intended Occu	inancy:	Monthly	Insurance, Taxes,		Primar		-
Property Value	Status: Sold, Pending Sale, or Retained	Investment, Pri Residence, Sec Home, Other	mary	Associate if not inc.	tion Dues, etc. luded in Monthly e Payment	Monthly Renta			· ·
\$		Tiome, other		\$	e r dyment	\$		\$	<u>, </u>
Mortgage Loans	│ on this Property	☐ Does not	applv						
Creditor Name		nt Number	Month Mortga Payme	age	Unpaid Balance	To be paid off at or before closing	Conv	FHA, VA, entional, A-RD, Other	Credit Limit (if applicable)
			\$		\$				\$
			\$		\$				\$
3c. IF APPLICAB		formation for Ad	ditional	Property	☐ Does not ap	ply		Unit	#
					State	ZIP		Count	ту
City _		Intended Occu			Insurance, Taxes,	For 2-4 Unit F	Primar	y or Investi	nent Property
City _	Status: Sold,	I INVACTMENT UN		Il flot included in Worlding			R to calculate: ly Rental Incom		
	Status: Sold, Pending Sale, or Retained	Investment, Pri Residence, Sec Home, Other	ond		e Payment	income			
Property Value	Pending Sale,	Residence, Sec	ond		e Payment	\$		\$	
Property Value	Pending Sale, or Retained	Residence, Sec Home, Other		Mortgag	e Payment			\$	
Property Value \$ Mortgage Loans	Pending Sale, or Retained on this Property	Residence, Sec Home, Other		\$ ly		\$ To be paid off at	Conv	\$:: FHA, VA, rentional, A-RD, Other	Credit Limit (if applicable)
City Property Value \$ Mortgage Loans of	Pending Sale, or Retained on this Property	Residence, Sec Home, Other	apply Month Mortga	\$ ly		\$ To be paid off at	Conv	: FHA, VA, rentional,	

Section 4: Loan and Property Information. This section asks about the loan's purpose and the property you want to purchase or refinance.

4a. Loan and Pro	perty Information				
Loan Amount \$		Loan Purpose	Purchase O Refir	nance Other (speci	fy)
Property Address	Street	_		_	Unit #
	City		Sta	ite ZIP	
	Number of Units	Property Value \$			
Occupancy	O Primary Residence	O Second Home	Investment	Property FHA Sec	condary Residence 🔲
		he property, will you set a medical office, beauty/barb		property to operate	O NO O YES
		nanufactured home? (e.g.,		a built on a permanent ch	nassis) O NO O YES
4b. Other New Mo	ortgage Loans on the P	roperty You are Buying o	or Refinancing Monthly Payment	☐ <i>Does not apply</i> Loan Amount/ Amount to be Dra	Credit Limit awn (if applicable)
	○ First	Lien O Subordinate Lien	\$	\$	\$
	O First	Lien O Subordinate Lien	\$	\$	\$
4c. Rental Income	e on the Property You V	Vant to Purchase	or Purchase Only	□ Does not apply	
Complete if the pro	operty is a 2-4 Unit Prir	mary Residence or an Inv	estment Property		Amount
Expected Monthly F	Rental Income				\$
For LENDER to calc	culate: Expected Net Mo	nthly Rental Income			\$
4d. Gifts or Grants	s You Have Been Given	or Will Receive for this L	.oan 🔲 Does no	t apply	
Include all gifts and Community Nonprof Employer		Source, choose from the • Relative • Religious Nonprofit	 State Agency 	 Lender 	
Asset Type: Cash G	ift, Gift of Equity, Grant	Deposited/Not Dep	oosited Source	– use list above	Cash or Market Value
		O Deposited O No	t Deposited		\$
·	·	O Deposited O No	t Deposited		Ċ

Section 5: Declarations. This section asks you specific questions about the property, your funding, and your past financial history.

E	a. About this Property and Your Money for this Loan		
Α.	Will you occupy the property as your primary residence? If YES, have you had an ownership interest in another property in the last three years? If YES, complete (1) and (2) below:	O NO (_
	(1) What type of property did you own: primary residence (PR), FHA secondary residence (SR), second home (SH), or investment property (IP)?		
	(2) How did you hold title to the property: by yourself (S), jointly with your spouse (SP), or jointly with another person (O)?		
В.	If this is a Purchase Transaction: Do you have a family relationship or business affiliation with the seller of the property?	O NO () YES
C.	Are you borrowing any money for this real estate transaction (e.g., money for your closing costs or down payment) or obtaining any money from another party, such as the seller or realtor, that you have not disclosed on this loan application? If YES, what is the amount of this money?	O NO (O YES
D.	1. Have you or will you be applying for a mortgage loan on another property (not the property securing this loan) on or before closing this transaction that is not disclosed on this loan application?	O NO () YES
	2. Have you or will you be applying for any new credit (e.g., installment loan, credit card, etc.) on or before closing this loan that is not disclosed on this application?	O NO () YES
Ε.	Will this property be subject to a lien that could take priority over the first mortgage lien, such as a clean energy lien paid through your property taxes (e.g., the Property Assessed Clean Energy Program)?	O NO () YES
	sb. About Your Finances		
-	Are you a co-signer or guarantor on any debt or loan that is not disclosed on this application?	O NO () YES
G.	Are there any outstanding judgments against you?	O NO () YES
Н.	Are you currently delinquent or in default on a Federal debt?	O NO () YES
ı.	Are you a party to a lawsuit in which you potentially have any personal financial liability?	O NO () YES
J.	Have you conveyed title to any property in lieu of foreclosure in the past 7 years?	O NO () YES
K.	Within the past 7 years, have you completed a pre-foreclosure sale or short sale, whereby the property was sold to a third party and the Lender agreed to accept less than the outstanding mortgage balance due?	O NO () YES
L.	Have you had property foreclosed upon in the last 7 years?	O NO () YES
М	. Have you declared bankruptcy within the past 7 years? If YES, identify the type(s) of bankruptcy: ☐ Chapter 7 ☐ Chapter 11 ☐ Chapter 12 ☐ Chapter 13	O NO () YES

Section 6: Acknowledgments and Agreements. This section tells you about your legal obligations when you sign this application.

Acknowledgments and Agreements

Definitions:

- "Lender" includes the Lender's agents, service providers, and any of their successors and assigns.
- "Other Loan Participants" includes (i) any actual or potential owners of a loan resulting from this application (the "Loan"), (ii) acquirers of any beneficial or other interest in the Loan, (iii) any mortgage insurer, (iv) any guarantor, (v) any servicer of the Loan, and (vi) any of these parties' service providers, successors or assigns.

I agree to, acknowledge, and represent the following:

(1) The Complete Information for this Application

- The information I have provided in this application is true, accurate, and complete as of the date I signed this application.
- If the information I submitted changes or I have new information before closing of the Loan, I must change and supplement this application, including providing any updated/supplemented real estate sales contract.
- For purchase transactions: The terms and conditions of any real estate sales contract signed by me in connection with this application are true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I have not entered into any other agreement, written or oral, in connection with this real estate transaction.
- The Lender and Other Loan Participants may rely on the information contained in the application before and after closing of the Loan.
- Any intentional or negligent misrepresentation of information may result in the imposition of:
 - (a) civil liability on me, including monetary damages, if a
 person suffers any loss because the person relied on any
 misrepresentation that I have made on this application, and/or
 - (b) criminal penalties on me including, but not limited to, fine or imprisonment or both under the provisions of Federal law (18 U.S.C. §§ 1001 et seq.).

(2) The Property's Security

The Loan I have applied for in this application will be secured by a mortgage or deed of trust which provides the Lender a security interest in the property described in this application.

(3) The Property's Appraisal, Value, and Condition

- Any appraisal or value of the property obtained by the Lender is for use by the Lender and Other Loan Participants.
- The Lender and Other Loan Participants have not made any representation or warranty, express or implied, to me about the property, its condition, or its value.

(4) Electronic Records and Signatures

• The Lender and Other Loan Participants may keep any paper record and/or electronic record of this application, whether or not the Loan is approved.

- If this application is created as (or converted into) an "electronic application", I consent to the use of "electronic records" and "electronic signatures" as the terms are defined in and governed by applicable Federal and/or state electronic transactions laws.
- I intend to sign and have signed this application either using my:
 (a) electronic signature; or
 - (b) a written signature and agree that if a paper version of this application is converted into an electronic application, the application will be an electronic record, and the representation of my written signature on this application will be my binding electronic signature.
- I agree that the application, if delivered or transmitted to the Lender or Other Loan Participants as an electronic record with my electronic signature, will be as effective and enforceable as a paper application signed by me in writing.

(5) Delinquency

- The Lender and Other Loan Participants may report information about my account to credit bureaus. Late payments, missed payments, or other defaults on my account may be reflected in my credit report and will likely affect my credit score.
- If I have trouble making my payments I understand that I may contact a HUD-approved housing counseling organization for advice about actions I can take to meet my mortgage obligations.

(6) Authorization for Use and Sharing of Information

By signing below, in addition to the representations and agreements made above, I expressly authorize the Lender and Other Loan Participants to obtain, use, and share with each other (i) the loan application and related loan information and documentation, (ii) a consumer credit report on me, and (iii) my tax return information, as necessary to perform the actions listed below, for so long as they have an interest in my loan or its servicing:

- (a) process and underwrite my loan;
- (b) verify any data contained in my consumer credit report, my loan application and other information supporting my loan application;
- (c) inform credit and investment decisions by the Lender and Other Loan Participants;
- (d) perform audit, quality control, and legal compliance analysis and reviews;
- (e) perform analysis and modeling for risk assessments;
- (f) monitor the account for this loan for potential delinquencies and determine any assistance that may be available to me; and
- (g) other actions permissible under applicable law.

Borrower Signature	_Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	_/	_/
Additional Borrower Signature	_ Date (<i>mm/dd/yyyy)</i>	_/	_/

Section 7: Militar	ry Service. This section asks question	ons about your (or your deceased spouse's) military service.
Military Service of Borro	wer	
If YES, check all that apply:	☐ Currently serving on active duty with prediction ☐ Currently retired, discharged, or separated ☐ Only period of service was as a non-action ☐ Surviving spouse	you currently serving, in the United States Armed Forces? NO YES rojected expiration date of service/tour// (mm/dd/yyyy) ted from service vated member of the Reserve or National Guard tion asks about your ethnicity, sex, and race.
and neighborhoods are bein information (ethnicity, sex, disclosure laws. You are not "Ethnicity" and one or more whether you choose to prove regulations require us to no	this information is to help ensure that all an gfulfilled. For residential mortgage lending and race) in order to monitor our compliance required to provide this information, but are designations for "Race." The law provides wide it. However, if you choose not to provide your ethnicity, sex, and race on the basis age or marital status information you provided.	pplicants are treated fairly and that the housing needs of communities g, Federal law requires that we ask applicants for their demographic e with equal credit opportunity, fair housing, and home mortgage e encouraged to do so. You may select one or more designations for that we may not discriminate on the basis of this information, or on the the information and you have made this application in person, Federal of visual observation or surname. The law also provides that we may not de in this application. If you do not wish to provide some or all of this
Ethnicity: Check one or mor Hispanic or Latino Mexican Puert Other Hispanic or Lat For example: Argentin Salvadoran, Spaniard, I do not wish to provide to sex Female Male I do not wish to provide to sex	o Rican Cuban ino – Print origin: ean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, and so on. this information	Race: Check one or more American Indian or Alaska Native – Print name of enrolled or principal tribe: Asian Asian Indian Chinese Filipino Japanese Korean Vietnamese Other Asian – Print race: For example: Hmong, Laotian, Thai, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on Black or African American Native Hawaiian Guamanian or Chamorro Samoan Other Pacific Islander – Print race: For example: Fijian, Tongan, and so on. White I do not wish to provide this information
Was the ethnicity of the Bo Was the sex of the Borrow Was the race of the Borrow The Demographic Inform	pricial Institution (for application taken in orrower collected on the basis of visual observation of the collected on the basis of visual observation of the collected on the basis of visual observation of the collected on the basis of visual observation of the collected on the basis of visual observation of the collected on the basis of visual observation of the collected on the basis of visual observation of the collected on the basis of visual observation of the collected on the basis of visual observation of the collected on the basis of visual observation observation of visual observation	rvation or surname?

To be completed by the Lender:		
Lender Loan No./Universal Loan Identifier	Agency Case No.	
·		

Uniform Residential Loan Application — L	ender Loan Inforr	mation
This section is completed by your Lender.		
L1. Property and Loan Information		
Community Property State At least one borrower lives in a community property state. The property is in a community property state. Transaction Detail	Refinance Type No Cash Out Cimited Cash Out Cash Out	Refinance Program O Full Documentation O Interest Rate Reduction O Streamlined without Appraisal
□ Conversion of Contract for Deed or Land Contract □ Renovation □ Construction-Conversion/Construction-to-Permanent ○ Single-Closing ○ Two-Closing Construction/Improvement Costs \$ □ Lot Acquired Date	Property is currently sub the first mortgage lien, su	Other ce energy-related improvements. ject to a lien that could take priority over uch as a clean energy lien paid for through Property Assessed Clean Energy program).
Project Type ☐ Condominium ☐ Cooperative ☐ Planne	d Unit Development (PUD)	Property is not located in a project
L2. Title Information Title to the Property Will be Held in What Name(a)	For Posturor con Title to the D	was outs in Commonstant I and in Miles & Norwa (s)
Title to the Property Will be Held in What Name(s):	For Reimance: Title to the P	roperty is Currently Held in What Name(s):
Estate Will be Held in Fee Simple Leasehold Expiration Date//(mm/dd/yyyy) Manner in Which Title Will be Held Sole Ownership Life Estate Tenancy by the Entirety Tenancy in Common Other	Trust Information Title Will be Held by an Ir Title Will be Held by a Lar Indian Country Land Tenu Fee Simple On a Reserva Individual Trust Land (AII Tribal Trust Land Off Reserva Alaska Native Corporatio	nd Trust Ire tion fotted/Restricted) Isservation ervation
L3. Mortgage Loan Information		
Mortgage Type Applied For	Terms of Loan	Mortgage Lien Type
○ Conventional ○ USDA-RD ○ FHA ○ VA ○ Other:	Note Rate% Loan Term (mc	Orths) Subordinate Lien
Amortization Type	Proposed Monthly Payme	•
O Fixed Rate O Other (explain):	First Mortgage (P & I)	\$
Adjustable Rate If Adjustable Rate:	Subordinate Lien(s) (P & I)	\$
Initial Period Prior to First Adjustment (months)	Homeowner's Insurance	\$
Subsequent Adjustment Period (months)	Supplemental Property Insu	ırance \$
Loan Features Balloon/ Balloon Term (months) Interest Only / Interest Only Term (months) Negative Amortization Prepayment Penalty / Prepayment Penalty Term (months) Temporary Interest Rate Buydown/Initial Buydown Rate % Other (explain):	Property Taxes Mortgage Insurance Association/Project Dues (C Other TOTAL	\$ \$ fondo, Co-Op, PUD) \$ \$ \$

L4. Qualifying the Borrower – Minimum Required Funds or Cash Back **DUE FROM BORROWER(S)** \$ A. Sales Contract Price B. Improvements, Renovations, and Repairs \$ **C.** Land (if acquired separately) \$ D. For Refinance: Balance of Mortgage Loans on the Property to be paid off in the Transaction \$ (See Table 3a. Property You Own) E. Credit Cards and Other Debts Paid Off (See Table 2c. Liabilities — Credit Cards, Other Debts, and Leases that You Owe) \$ **F.** Borrower Closing Costs (including Prepaid and Initial Escrow Payments) \$ **G.** Discount Points \$ \$ H. TOTAL DUE FROM BORROWER(s) (Total of A thru G) **TOTAL MORTGAGE LOANS** I. Loan Amount Loan Amount Excluding Financed Mortgage Insurance (or Mortgage Insurance Equivalent) \$ Financed Mortgage Insurance (or Mortgage Insurance Equivalent) Amount \$ \$ J. Other New Mortgage Loans on the Property the Borrower(s) is Buying or Refinancing (See Table 4b. Other New Mortgage Loans on the Property You are Buying or Refinancing) \$ K. TOTAL MORTGAGE LOANS (Total of I and J) \$ **TOTAL CREDITS L.** Seller Credits (Enter the amount of Borrower(s) costs paid by the property seller) \$ M. Other Credits (Enter the sum of all other credits — Borrower Paid Fees, Earnest Money, Employer Assisted \$ Housing, Lease Purchase Fund, Lot Equity, Relocation Funds, Sweat Equity, Trade Equity, Other) N. TOTAL CREDITS (Total of L and M) \$ **CALCULATION** TOTAL DUE FROM BORROWER(s) (Line H) \$ LESS TOTAL MORTGAGE LOANS (Line K) AND TOTAL CREDITS (Line N) **-**\$ Cash From/To the Borrower (Line H minus Line K and Line N) NOTE: This amount does not include reserves or other funds that may be required by the Lender to be verified. \$

Section 9: Loan Originator Informati	On. To be completed by your Loan Originator .	
Loan Originator Information		
Loan Originator Organization Name		
Address		
Loan Originator Organization NMLSR ID#	State License ID#	
Loan Originator Name		
Loan Originator NMLSR ID#	State License ID#	
Email	Phone ()	
Signature	Date (mm/dd/yyyy) / /	
		



3/3 Year ARM

This information describes some of the terms and conditions of an Adjustable Rate Mortgage ("ARM") loan program that is currently being offered by GNBank, N.A. ("Lender"), and which you are considering. Lender reserves the right to discontinue, or to modify, in whole or in part, at any time, the loan program that is described herein. This ARM disclosure is not a commitment by Lender to make a loan to you.

An Adjustable Rate Mortgage loan permits Lender, by the terms of the agreement and in relation to an index or formula, to increase or decrease the interest rate, payment amounts, and/or term of the loan after the loan has been consummated ("closed"). The date on which your interest rate and/or payment can change is called the "Change Date." Scheduled payment periods are called "your payments."

LOAN PROGRAM NAME. This disclosure describes the features of the ARM program that you are considering. The name of this loan program is 3/3 Year ARM. Information on Lender's other ARM programs is available on request.

HOW YOUR INTEREST RATE IS DETERMINED. Beginning with the first Change Date, your interest rate will be based on an Index plus a margin. The Index for this loan program is the weekly average for 3 year United States Treasury Securities adjusted. Information about the Index rate is published in the Wall Street Journal. If the Index is no longer available, Lender will select a new Index which is based on comparable information. Ask us for our current interest rate and margin.

HOW YOUR INTEREST RATE CAN CHANGE. Your interest rate can change annually (every 36 payments). Your interest rate cannot increase more than 6.000 percentage points above the initial interest rate during the term of the loan. Your interest rate will never be less than 4.250% during the term of the loan. Your interest rate cannot increase by more than 2.000 percentage points at any rate adjustment. Your interest rate cannot decrease by more than 2.000 percentage points at any rate adjustment.

This loan program is subject to automatic interest rate adjustments: decreases in the Index used to make interest rate adjustments will, subject to any limitations described above, result in a reduced interest rate; increases will, at Lender's discretion and subject to any limitations, result in increases in the interest rate. In the event that Lender elects not to implement a permissible increase in the interest rate, Lender reserves the right to implement the increase at a later time.

HOW YOUR PAYMENTS CAN CHANGE. Your payments will be determined by the interest rate, loan balance, and the remaining loan term. An increase in the interest rate will result in higher payment amounts. Your payments can increase or decrease substantially based on changes in the interest rate. Payments are due monthly. Your payments can change annually (every 36 payments). If you still owe amounts on your loan on the maturity date, you will pay those amounts in full on that date.

ADDITIONAL LOAN PROGRAM FEATURES. Someone buying your home cannot assume the remainder of your loan on the original terms.

EXAMPLES. To give you an example of how this loan program would work, if you had a \$10,000.00 loan with an initial rate of 8.040%, the rate in effect in January 2025, the maximum amount that the interest rate can rise is 6.000 percentage points to 14.040%. If your payments were due monthly and your loan terms were for:

- 30 years, amortized over 360 payments, your payment could rise from a first-year payment of \$73.66 to a maximum of \$114.19 in the 10th year.
- 20 years, amortized over 240 payments, your payment could rise from a first-year payment of \$83.89 to a maximum of \$115.31 in the 10th year.
- 15 years, amortized over 180 payments, your payment could rise from a first-year payment of \$95.80 to a maximum of \$120.21 in the 10th year.

The above example uses a periodic cap of 2.000 percentage points and a life cap of 6.000 percentage points in calculating the maximum interest rate and maximum payment.

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Page 1 of 2



To see what your payment would be, divide your desired loan amount by 10,000; then multiply payments by that amount (for example, the monthly payment for a mortgage amount of \$80,000 would be: \$80,000 divided by \$10,000 = 8; 8 x \$73.66 = \$589.28 per payment).

NOTICE OF INTEREST RATE AND PAYMENT ADJUSTMENTS. You will receive an initial interest rate and payment adjustment notice at least 210, but no more than 240, days before the first payment at the adjusted level is due after the initial interest rate adjustment of the loan. You will also receive ongoing interest rate and payment adjustment notices at least 60, but not more than 120, days before the first payment at the adjusted level is due after any interest rate adjustment resulting in a corresponding payment change. The notices will contain information about the adjustment, including the interest rate, payment amount, and loan balance.

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5/5 Year ARM

This information describes some of the terms and conditions of an Adjustable Rate Mortgage ("ARM") loan program that is currently being offered by GNBank, N.A. ("Lender"), and which you are considering. Lender reserves the right to discontinue, or to modify, in whole or in part, at any time, the loan program that is described herein. This ARM disclosure is not a commitment by Lender to make a loan to you.

An Adjustable Rate Mortgage loan permits Lender, by the terms of the agreement and in relation to an index or formula, to increase or decrease the interest rate, payment amounts, and/or term of the loan after the loan has been consummated ("closed"). The date on which your interest rate and/or payment can change is called the "Change Date." Scheduled payment periods are called "your payments."

LOAN PROGRAM NAME. This disclosure describes the features of the ARM program that you are considering. The name of this loan program is 5/5 Year ARM. Information on Lender's other ARM programs is available on request.

HOW YOUR INTEREST RATE IS DETERMINED. Beginning with the first Change Date, your interest rate will be based on an Index plus a margin. The Index for this loan program is the weekly average for 5 year United States Treasury Securities adjusted. Information about the Index rate is published in the Wall Street Journal. If the Index is no longer available, Lender will select a new Index which is based on comparable information. Ask us for our current interest rate and margin.

HOW YOUR INTEREST RATE CAN CHANGE. Your interest rate can change annually (every 60 payments). Your interest rate cannot increase more than 6.000 percentage points above the initial interest rate during the term of the loan. Your interest rate will never be less than 4.250% during the term of the loan. Your interest rate cannot increase by more than 2.000 percentage points at any rate adjustment. Your interest rate cannot decrease by more than 2.000 percentage points at any rate adjustment.

This loan program is subject to automatic interest rate adjustments: decreases in the Index used to make interest rate adjustments will, subject to any limitations described above, result in a reduced interest rate; increases will, at Lender's discretion and subject to any limitations, result in increases in the interest rate. In the event that Lender elects not to implement a permissible increase in the interest rate, Lender reserves the right to implement the increase at a later time.

HOW YOUR PAYMENTS CAN CHANGE. Your payments will be determined by the interest rate, loan balance, and the remaining loan term. An increase in the interest rate will result in higher payment amounts. Your payments can increase or decrease substantially based on changes in the interest rate. Payments are due monthly. Your payments can change annually (every 60 payments). If you still owe amounts on your loan on the maturity date, you will pay those amounts in full on that date.

ADDITIONAL LOAN PROGRAM FEATURES. Someone buying your home cannot assume the remainder of your loan on the original terms.

EXAMPLES. To give you an example of how this loan program would work, if you had a \$10,000.00 loan with an initial rate of 8.140%, the rate in effect in January 2025, the maximum amount that the interest rate can rise is 6.000 percentage points to 14.140%. If your payments were due monthly and your loan terms were for:

- 30 years, amortized over 360 payments, your payment could rise from a first-year payment of \$74.35 to a maximum of \$110.59 in the 16th year.
- 20 years, amortized over 240 payments, your payment could rise from a first-year payment of \$84.52 to a maximum of \$107.85 in the 16th year.
- 15 years, amortized over 180 payments, your payment could rise from a first-year payment of \$96.38 to a maximum of \$109.87 in the 11th year.

The above example uses a periodic cap of 2.000 percentage points and a life cap of 6.000 percentage points in calculating the maximum interest rate and maximum payment.

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Page 1 of 2



To see what your payment would be, divide your desired loan amount by 10,000; then multiply payments by that amount (for example, the monthly payment for a mortgage amount of \$80,000 would be: \$80,000 divided by \$10,000 = 8; 8 x \$74.35 = \$594.80 per payment).

NOTICE OF INTEREST RATE AND PAYMENT ADJUSTMENTS. You will receive an initial interest rate and payment adjustment notice at least 210, but no more than 240, days before the first payment at the adjusted level is due after the initial interest rate adjustment of the loan. You will also receive ongoing interest rate and payment adjustment notices at least 60, but not more than 120, days before the first payment at the adjusted level is due after any interest rate adjustment resulting in a corresponding payment change. The notices will contain information about the adjustment, including the interest rate, payment amount, and loan balance.

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7/1 Year ARM

This information describes some of the terms and conditions of an Adjustable Rate Mortgage ("ARM") loan program that is currently being offered by GNBank, N.A. ("Lender"), and which you are considering. Lender reserves the right to discontinue, or to modify, in whole or in part, at any time, the loan program that is described herein. This ARM disclosure is not a commitment by Lender to make a loan to you.

An Adjustable Rate Mortgage loan permits Lender, by the terms of the agreement and in relation to an index or formula, to increase or decrease the interest rate, payment amounts, and/or term of the loan after the loan has been consummated ("closed"). The date on which your interest rate and/or payment can change is called the "Change Date." Scheduled payment periods are called "your payments."

LOAN PROGRAM NAME. This disclosure describes the features of the ARM program that you are considering. The name of this loan program is 7/1 Year ARM. Information on Lender's other ARM programs is available on request.

HOW YOUR INTEREST RATE IS DETERMINED. Beginning with the first Change Date, your interest rate will be based on an Index plus a margin. The Index for this loan program is the weekly average for 1 year United States Treasury Securities adjusted. Information about the Index rate is published in the Wall Street Journal. If the Index is no longer available, Lender will select a new Index which is based on comparable information. Ask us for our current interest rate and margin.

HOW YOUR INTEREST RATE CAN CHANGE. Your first interest rate adjustment will be after 7 years. Thereafter, your interest rate can change annually (every 12 payments). Your interest rate cannot increase more than 6.000 percentage points above the initial interest rate during the term of the loan. Your interest rate will never be less than 4.250% during the term of the loan. Your interest rate cannot increase by more than 2.000 percentage points at the first rate adjustment. Thereafter, your interest rate cannot decrease by more than 2.000 percentage points at any rate adjustment. Your interest rate cannot decrease by more than 2.000 percentage points at any rate adjustment and 2.000 percentage points at any rate adjustment.

This loan program is subject to automatic interest rate adjustments: decreases in the Index used to make interest rate adjustments will, subject to any limitations described above, result in a reduced interest rate; increases will, at Lender's discretion and subject to any limitations, result in increases in the interest rate. In the event that Lender elects not to implement a permissible increase in the interest rate, Lender reserves the right to implement the increase at a later time.

HOW YOUR PAYMENTS CAN CHANGE. Your payments will be determined by the interest rate, loan balance, and the remaining loan term. An increase in the interest rate will result in higher payment amounts. Your payments can increase or decrease substantially based on changes in the interest rate. Payments are due monthly. The first payment change for this loan program does not occur with the same frequency as later payment changes. The first payment change for this loan program will occur after 7 years (84 payments). Thereafter, your payments can change annually (every 12 payments). If you still owe amounts on your loan on the maturity date, you will pay those amounts in full on that date.

ADDITIONAL LOAN PROGRAM FEATURES. Someone buying your home cannot assume the remainder of your loan on the original terms.

EXAMPLES. To give you an example of how this loan program would work, if you had a \$10,000.00 loan with an initial rate of 8.230%, the rate in effect in January 2025, the maximum amount that the interest rate can rise is 6.000 percentage points to 14.230%. If your payments were due monthly and your loan terms were for:

- 30 years, amortized over 360 payments, your payment could rise from a first-year payment of \$74.99 to a maximum of \$113.52 in the 10th year.
- 20 years, amortized over 240 payments, your payment could rise from a first-year payment of \$85.08 to a maximum of \$112.90 in the 10th year.

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Page 1 of 2

• 15 years, amortized over 180 payments, your payment could rise from a first-year payment of \$96.90 to a maximum of \$116.50 in the 10th year.

The above example uses a periodic cap of 2.000 percentage points and a life cap of 6.000 percentage points in calculating the maximum interest rate and maximum payment.

To see what your payment would be, divide your desired loan amount by 10,000; then multiply payments by that amount (for example, the monthly payment for a mortgage amount of \$80,000 would be: \$80,000 divided by \$10,000 = 8; 8 x \$74.99 = \$599.92 per payment).

NOTICE OF INTEREST RATE AND PAYMENT ADJUSTMENTS. You will receive an initial interest rate and payment adjustment notice at least 210, but no more than 240, days before the first payment at the adjusted level is due after the initial interest rate adjustment of the loan. You will also receive ongoing interest rate and payment adjustment notices at least 60, but not more than 120, days before the first payment at the adjusted level is due after any interest rate adjustment resulting in a corresponding payment change. The notices will contain information about the adjustment, including the interest rate, payment amount, and loan balance.

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APPRAISAL NOTICE

We may order an appraisal to determine the property's value and charge you for this appraisal We will promptly give you a copy of any appraisal, even if your loan does not close.
You can pay for an additional appraisal for your own use at your own cost.
By signing below, you acknowledge receipt of this Appraisal Notice.
Applicant: Date:
Applicant:
Date:



Email Information Disclosure

Borrower's name
Co-Borrower's name
Please provide an email addresses to which we can send your loan documents.
Borrower's email
Co Borrower's email
GNB will email you an Electronic Consent Agreement to the email address listed above. It is your responsibility to reply to this email in order to receive your documents electronically. If you do not reply all documents will be mailed through the US Postal Service and your loan closing could be delayed.
For Internal Use Only
Date ECA emailed
Date approval received (borrower)
Date approval received (as however)

Adjustable-Rate Mortgages

Find out how your payment can change over time





An official publication of the U.S. government

How to use the booklet

When you and your mortgage lender discuss adjustable-rate mortgages (ARMs), you receive a copy of this booklet. When you apply for an ARM loan, you receive a Loan Estimate. You can request and receive multiple Loan Estimates from competing lenders to find your best deal.

You may want to have your Loan Estimate handy for any loan you are considering as you work through this booklet. We reference a sample Loan Estimate throughout the booklet to help you apply the information to your situation.

You can find more information about ARMs at cfpb.gov/about-arms. You'll also find other mortgage-related CFPB resources, facts, and tools to help you take control of the homebuying process.

About the CFPB

The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau regulates the offering and provision of consumer financial products and services under the federal consumer financial laws and educates and empowers consumers to make better informed financial decisions.

This booklet, titled Consumer Handbook on Adjustable Rate Mortgages, was created to comply with federal law pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 2604 and 12 CFR 1026.19(b)(1).

How can this booklet help you?

This booklet can help you decide whether an adjustable-rate mortgage (ARM) is the right choice for you and to help you take control of the homebuying process.

Your lender may have already provided you with a copy of Your Home Loan Toolkit. You can also download the Toolkit from the CFPB's Buying a House guide at cfpb.gov/buy-a-house/.

An ARM is a mortgage with an interest rate that changes, or "adjusts," throughout the loan.

With an ARM, the interest rate and monthly payment may start out low. However, both the rate and the payment can increase very quickly.

Consider an ARM only if you can afford increases in your monthly payment—even to the maximum amount.

After you finish this booklet:

- You'll understand how an ARM works and whether it's the right choice for you. (page 2)
- You'll know how to review important documents when you apply for an ARM. (page 6)
- You'll understand the risks that come with different types of ARMs. (page 18)

Is an ARM right for you?

ARMs come with the risk of higher payments in the future that you might not be able to predict. But in some situations, an ARM might make sense for you. If you are considering an ARM, be sure to understand the tradeoffs.

TIP

Don't count on being able to refinance before your interest rate and monthly payments increase. You might not qualify for refinancing if the value of your home goes down or if something unexpected damages your financial situation, like a job loss or medical costs.

COMPARE FIXED-RATE MORTGAGE		ADJUSTABLE-RATE MORTGAGE
Consider this option if	 You prefer predictable payments, or You plan to keep your home for a long period of time 	 You are confident you can afford increases in your monthly payment—even to the maximum amount, or You plan to sell your home within a short period of time
Interest rate	Set when you take out the loanStays the same for the entire loan term	 Based on an index that changes May start out lower than a fixed rate mortgage but you bear the risk of increases throughout your loan
Monthly payment	 Principal and interest payment stays the same over the life of your loan You know the total you will pay in principal and interest over the life of the loan 	 Initial principal and interest payment amount remains in effect for a limited period You can't know in advance how much total interest you will pay because your interest rate changes If you can't afford the increased payments, you may lose your home to foreclosure

Learn about how ARMs work

As you decide whether to move ahead with an ARM, you should understand how they work and how your housing costs can be affected.

Interest rate = index + margin

The interest rate on an ARM has two parts: the index and the margin.

INDEX

An index is a measure of interest rates generally that reflects trends in the overall economy. Different lenders use different indexes for their ARM programs.

Common indexes include the U.S. prime rate and the Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) rate. Talk with your lender to find out more about the index they use, which is also shown on your Loan Estimate.

MARGIN

The margin is an extra percentage that the lender adds to the index.

You can shop around to different lenders to find the lowest combination of the index plus the margin. Your Loan Estimate shows the index and the margin being offered to you.

Changes to initial rate and payment

The initial interest rate and initial principal and interest payment amount on an ARM remain in effect for a limited period.

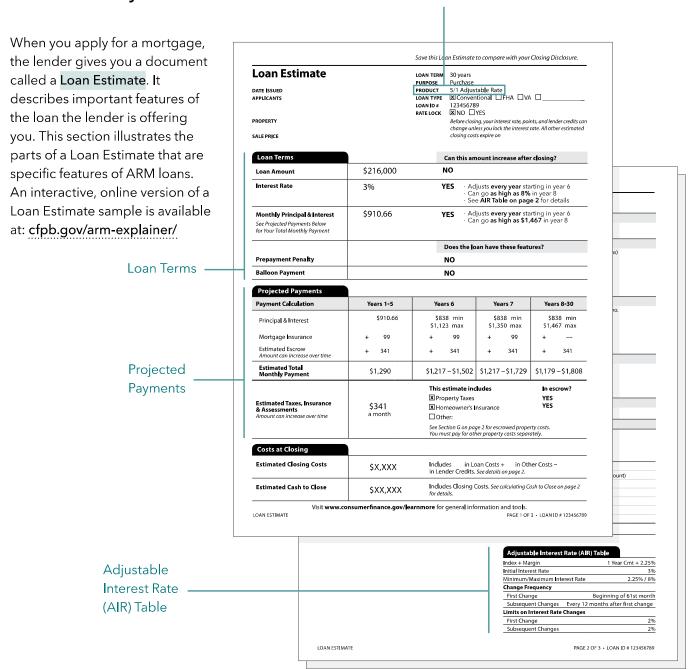
So, when you see ARMs advertised as 5/1 or 5/6m ARMs:

- The first number tells you the length of time your initial interest rate lasts.
- The second number tells you how often the rate changes after that.

For example, during the first five years in a 5/6m ARM your rate stays the same. After that, the rate may adjust every six months (the 6m in the 5/6m example) until the loan is paid off. This period between rate changes is called the adjustment period. Adjustment periods can vary. Some last a month, a year, or like this example, six months.

For some ARMs, the initial rate and payment can be very different from the rates and payments later in the loan term. Even if the market for interest rates is stable, your rates and payments could change a lot.

Use your Loan Estimate to understand your ARM



Product

Loan terms

INTEREST RATE

The Loan Estimate shows the *initial* interest rate you pay at the beginning of your loan term. This row also shows how often your rate can change and how high it can go.

MONTHLY PRINCIPAL & INTEREST

The Loan Estimate shows the *initial* monthly principal and interest payment you'll make if you accept this loan. Your **principal** is the money that you originally agreed to pay back on your loan.

Interest is a cost you pay to borrow the principal. The initial principal and interest payment amount for an ARM is set only for the initial period and may change after that.



You might hear, "An ARM makes sense because you can refinance the loan before your interest rate and monthly payment increase."

Ask yourself, a spouse, or a loved one:

"What if the market value of the home goes down?"

"What if our financial situation or our credit score gets damaged by something unexpected like a job loss or illness?"

"If we can't refinance at a better rate, can we afford the maximum interest rate and payment increase under this loan?"

Loan Terms		Can this amount increase after closing?
Loan Amount	\$216,000	NO
Interest Rate	3%	YES · Adjusts every year starting in year 6 · Can go as high as 8% in year 8 · See AIR Table for details
Monthly Principal & Interest See Projected Payments Below for Your Total Monthly Payment	\$910.66	YES · Adjusts every year starting in year 6 · Can go as high as \$1,467 in year 8
		Does the loan have these features?
Prepayment Penalty		NO
Balloon Payment		NO

Example of "Loan terms" section. Find this on page 1 of your own Loan Estimate

Projected Payments				
Payment Calculation	Years 1-5	Years 6	Years 7	Years 8-30
Principal & Interest	\$910.66	\$838 min \$1,123 max	\$838 min \$1,350 max	\$838 min \$1,467 max
Mortgage Insurance	+ 99	+ 99	+ 99	+
Estimated Escrow Amount can increase over time	+ 341	+ 341	+ 341	+ 341
Estimated Total Monthly Payment	\$1,290	\$1,217 – \$1,502	\$1,217 – \$1,729	\$1,179 – \$1,808
Estimated Taxes, Insurance & Assessments Amount can increase over time	\$341 a month			

Example of "Projected payments" section. Find this on page 1 of your own Loan Estimate

Projected payments

PRINCIPAL & INTEREST

The monthly principal and interest payment on your ARM is likely to change after the initial period. Review this section to see how your payment can change based on your loan's interest rate.

ESTIMATED TOTAL MONTHLY PAYMENT

Review this row to see the total minimum and maximum monthly payments. The payments include mortgage insurance, property taxes, homeowners insurance, and any additional property assessments or other escrow items. Learn more about these mortgage terms at cfpb.gov/mortgage-terms/

Keep in mind that other parts of your monthly and annual housing costs can change, such as your property taxes and homeowners insurance payments.



Talk over how your financial life could be affected if your ARM monthly payment increases. In future years, you might face money decisions like:

- Job changes
- School or other education expenses
- Medical needs and expenses

Because ARM adjustments are unpredictable, you might have less or more financial flexibility for other parts of your life.

Adjustable Interest Rate (AIR) table

You should read and understand the AIR table calculations before committing to an ARM. It's important to know how your interest rate changes over the life of your loan.

INDEX + MARGIN

Your lender is required to show you how your interest rate is calculated, which is determined by the index and margin on your loan. See page 2 of this booklet for more about index and margin.

INITIAL INTEREST RATE

This is the interest rate at the beginning of your loan. The initial interest rate changes to the index plus the margin at your first adjustment (subject to the limits on interest rate changes). Your loan servicer tells you your new payment amount seven to eight months in advance, so you can budget for it or shop for a new loan.

MINIMUM/MAXIMUM INTEREST RATE

This shows how low or high your interest rate could be over the life of your loan. Generally, an ARM's interest rate is never lower than the margin.

CHANGE FREQUENCY

This indicates when the interest rate on your loan will change. Your loan servicer sends you advance notices of changes.

LIMITS ON INTEREST RATE CHANGES

This shows the highest amount your interest rate can increase when there is a change.

Index + Margin	1	Year Cmt + 2.5%
Initial Interest Rate		3%
Minimum/Maximum Int	m/Maximum Interest Rate 2.5% / 8	
Change Frequency		
First Change	Beginnir	g of 61st month
Subsequent Changes	Every 12 months	after first change
Limits on Interest Rate	Changes	
First Change		2%
Subsequent Changes		2%

Example of "AIR table" section. Find this on page 2 of your own Loan Estimate



"TEASER" RATES

Some lenders offer a "teaser," "start," or "discounted" rate that is lower than their fully indexed rate. When the teaser rate ends, your loan takes on the fully indexed rate. Don't assume that a loan with a teaser rate is a good one for you. Not everyone's budget can accommodate a higher payment.

Consider this example:

- A lender's fully indexed rate is 4.5% (the index is 2% and the margin is 2.5%).
- The loan also features a "teaser" rate of 3%.
- Even if the index doesn't change, your interest rate still increases from 3% to 4.5% when your teaser rate expires.

COMPARE YOUR ARM OFFERS Shop for at least three loan offers, and fill in the blanks below using the information on your Loan Estimates:	ARM OFFER 1	ARM OFFER 2	FIXED-RATE OFFER
Lender name			
Loan amount	\$	\$	\$
Initial interest rate	%	%	%
Initial principal and interest payment	\$	\$	\$
Index			
Margin			
How long will the initial interest rate and initial payment apply?			
How high can my interest rate go?	%	%	%
How high can my principal and interest payment go?	\$	\$	\$

My best loan offer is:



You are in control of whether or not to proceed with an ARM. If you prefer to proceed with a fixed-rate mortgage, here is one way to start the conversation with a lender:

"A fixed-rate mortgage seems to be a better fit for me. Let's talk about what you can offer and how it compares to other loans I may be able to get."

Review your lender's ARM program disclosure

Your lender gives you an ARM program disclosure when they give you an application. This is the lender's opportunity to tell you about their different ARM loans and how the loans work. The index and margin can differ from one lender to another, so it is helpful to compare offers from different lenders.

Generally, the index your lender uses won't change after you get your loan, but your loan contract may allow the lender to switch to a different index in some situations.

GATHER FACTS

Review your program disclosure and ask your lender questions to understand their ARM loan offerings:

- ☐ How are the interest rate and payment determined?
- ☐ Does this loan have interest-rate caps (that is, limits on interest rate changes)?
- ☐ How often do the interest rate and payment adjust?
- What index is used and where is it published?
- ☐ Is the initial interest rate lower than the fully indexed rate? (see "Teaser rates," on page 12)
- What type of information is provided in notices of adjustment and when do I receive them?

Ask about other options offered by your lender

Conversion option

Your loan agreement may include a clause that lets you convert the ARM to a fixed-rate mortgage in the future.

When you convert, the new rate is generally set using a formula given in your loan documents. That fixed rate may be higher or lower than interest rates available to you in the market at that time. Also your lender may charge you a conversion fee. Ask your lender whether the loan you are being offered has a conversion feature and how it works.

Special features

You can shop around to understand what special ARM features may be available from different lenders.

Not all programs are the same. Talk with your lender to find out if there's anything special about their ARM programs that you may find valuable.

Check your ARM for features that could pose risks

Some types of ARMs have features that can reduce your payments in the short term but may include fees or the risk of higher payments later. Review your loan terms and make sure that you understand the fees and how your rate and payment may change. Lower payments at the beginning could mean higher fees or much higher payments later.

Paying points to reduce your initial interest rate

Lenders can offer you a lower rate in exchange for paying loan fees at closing, or points.

With an ARM, paying points often reduces your interest rate only until the end of the initial period-the reduction most likely does not apply over the life of your loan.

If you are using an ARM to refinance a loan, points are often rolled into your new loan amount. You might not realize you are paying points unless you look carefully. Points are disclosed on the top of Page 2 of your Loan Estimate.

Lenders may give you the option to pay points, but you never have to take that option. To figure out if you have a good deal, compare your cost in points with the amount that you will save with a lower interest rate.

Loan Costs	
A. Origination Charges	\$3,160
1% of Loan Amount (Points)	\$2,160
Application Fee	\$500
Processing Fee	\$500

Example of "Loan costs" section. Find this on page 2 of your own Loan Estimate



If your Loan Estimate shows points, ask your lender:

- "What is my interest rate if I choose not to pay points?"
- "How much money do I pay in points? And, compared to the total reduction in my payments during the initial period, am I coming out ahead?"
- "Can I see a revised Loan Estimate with the points removed and the interest rate adjusted?"

Interest-only ARMs

With an interest-only ARM payment plan, you pay only the interest for a specified number of years. During this interest-only period, you have smaller monthly payments, but you are not paying anything toward your mortgage loan balance.

When the interest-only period ends, your monthly payment increases—even if interest rates stay the same-because you must start paying back the principal plus the interest each month. Your monthly payments can increase a lot. The longer the interest-only period, the more your monthly payments increase after the interest-only period ends.

Payment option ARMs

Payment option ARMs were common before 2008 when the housing crisis began, and some lenders might still offer them.

A payment option ARM means the borrower can choose from different payment options, such as:

- A traditional principal and interest payment
- An interest-only payment (see above)
- A minimum payment, which could result in negative amortization

Negative amortization happens when you are not paying enough to cover all of the interest due. Your loan balance goes up instead of down.



Learn more information about payment option ARMs and negative amortization at:

- cfpb.gov/payment-option-arm/
- cfpb.gov/negative-amortization/



WELL DONE!

Choosing the right home loan is just as important as choosing the right home. By equipping yourself with knowledge about ARMs, you can decide whether or not this type of loan is the right choice for you.

Consumer Handbook on Adjustable-Rate Mortgages



ASK YOUR LENDER

- How high can my payment go?
- How high can my interest rate go?
- How long is my initial principal and interest payment guaranteed?



ASK YOURSELF

- Have I shopped around to compare ARMs and fixed-rate loans?
- If an ARM has a lower initial interest rate than a fixed-rate mortgage, is paying less money now worth the risk of an increase later?
- Can I afford the highest payment possible with the ARM if I can't sell the home, or refinance into a lower rate, before the increase?



ONLINE TOOLS

CFPB website cfpb.gov

Answers to common questions cfpb.gov/askcfpb

Tools and resources for home buyers cfpb.gov/owning-a-home

Talk to a housing counselor cfpb.gov/find-a-housing-counselor

Submit a complaint cfpb.gov/complaint

Last updated 06/20

Your home loan toolkit

A step-by-step guide





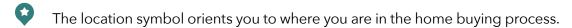
How can this toolkit help you?

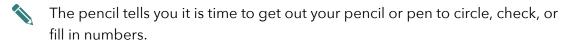
Buying a home is exciting and, let's face it, complicated. This booklet is a toolkit that can help you make better choices along your path to owning a home.

After you finish this toolkit:

•	You'll know the most important steps you need to take to get the best mortgage for your situation	Section 1: Page 3
•	You'll better understand your closing costs and what it takes to buy a home	Section 2: Page 16
	You'll see a few ways to be a successful homeowner	Section 3: Page 24

How to use the toolkit:





The magnifying glass highlights tips to help you research further to find important information.

The speech bubble shows you conversation starters for talking to others and gathering more facts.

About the CFPB

The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau is a federal agency that helps consumer finance markets work by making rules more effective, by consistently and fairly enforcing those rules, and by empowering consumers to take more control over their economic lives.

Have a question about a common consumer financial product or problem? You can find answers by visiting consumerfinance.gov/askcfpb. Have an issue with a mortgage, student loan, or other financial product or service? You can submit a complaint to the CFPB. We'll forward your complaint to the company and work to get you a response. Turn to the back cover for details on how to submit a complaint or call us at (855) 411-2372.

Thi 12	This booklet was created to comply with federal law pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 2604, 12 CFR 1024.6, and 12 CFR 1026.19(g).					
2	YOUR HOME LOAN TOOLKIT					

Choosing the best mortgage for you



You're starting to look for a mortgage or want to confirm you made a good decision.

To make the most of your mortgage, you need to decide what works for you and then shop around to find it. In this section, you'll find eight steps to get the job done right.

1. Define what affordable means to you

Only you can decide how much you are comfortable paying for your housing each month. In most cases, your lender can consider only if you are able to repay your mortgage, not whether you will be comfortable repaying your loan. Based on your whole financial picture, think about whether you want to take on the mortgage payment plus the other costs of homeownership such as appliances, repairs, and maintenance.

IN THIS SECTION

- 1. Define what affordable means to you
- 2. Understand your credit
- 3. Pick the mortgage type that works for you
- **4.** Choose the right down payment for you
- 5. Understand the tradeoff between points and interest rate
- **6.** Shop with several lenders
- **7.** Choose your mortgage
- 8. Avoid pitfalls and handle problems



Ask your spouse, a loved one, or friend about what affordable means to you:

"What's more important—a bigger home with a larger mortgage or more financial flexibility?"

"How much do we want to budget for all the monthly housing costs, including repairs, furniture, and new appliances?"

"What will a mortgage payment mean for other financial goals?"



Calculate the home payment you can take on by filling in the worksheets below:

Think about what an affordable home loan looks like for you. These worksheets can help. First, estimate your total monthly home payment. Second, look at the percentage of your income that will go toward your monthly home payment. Third, look at how much money you will have available to spend on the rest of your monthly expenses.

Step 1. Estimate your total monthly home payment by adding up the items below

Your total monthly home payment is more than just your mortgage. There are more expenses that go along with owning your home. Start with estimates and adjust as you go.

MONTHLY ESTIMATE

	MONTHLY ESTIMATE
Principal and interest (P&I) Your principal and interest payment depends on your home loan amount, the interest rate, and the number of years it takes to repay the loan. Principal is the amount you pay each month to reduce the loan balance. Interest is the amount you pay each month to borrow money. Many principal and interest calculators are available online.	\$
Mortgage insurance Mortgage insurance is often required for loans with less than a 20% down payment.	+\$
Property taxes The local assessor or auditor's office can help you estimate property taxes for your area. If you know the yearly amount, divide by 12 and write in the monthly amount.	+ \$
Homeowner's insurance You can call one or more insurance agents to get an estimate for homes in your area. Ask if flood insurance is required.	+ \$
Homeowner's association or condominium fees, if they apply Condominiums and other planned communities often require homeowner's association (HOA) fees.	+ \$
My estimated total monthly home payment	= \$

4 YOUR HOME LOAN TOOLKIT

Step 2. Estimate the percentage of your income spent on your monthly home payment

Calculate the percentage of your total monthly income that goes toward your total monthly home payment each month. A mortgage lending rule of thumb is that your total monthly home payment should be at or below 28% of your total monthly income before taxes. Lenders may approve you for more or for less depending on your overall financial picture.

\$	•	\$	× 100	=	%
My estimated total monthly home payment (from step 1)		My total monthly income before taxes			Percentage of my income going toward my monthly home payment

Step 3. Estimate what is left after subtracting your monthly debts

To determine whether you are comfortable with your total monthly home payment, figure out how much of your income is left after you pay for your housing plus your other monthly debts.

Total monthly income after taxes	\$
My estimated total monthly home payment (from step 1)	
Monthly car payment(s)	-\$
Monthly student loan payment(s)	-\$
Monthly credit card payment(s)	-\$
Other monthly payments, such as child support or alimony	-\$
Total monthly income minus all debt payments This money must cover your utilities, groceries, child care, health insurance, repairs, and everything else. If this isn't enough, consider options such as buying a less expensive home or paying down debts.	= \$

Step 4. Your choice

I am comfortable with a total monthly home payment of:

2. Understand your credit

Your credit, your credit scores, and how wisely you shop for a loan that best fits your needs have a significant impact on your mortgage interest rate and the fees you pay. To improve your credit and your chances of getting a better mortgage, get current on your payments and stay current. About 35% of your credit scores are based on whether or not you pay your bills on time. About 30% of your credit scores are based on how much debt you owe. That's why you may want to consider paying down some of your debts.

Q RESEARCH STARTER

Check out interest rates and make sure you're getting the credit you've earned.

- ☐ Get your credit report at annualcreditreport.com and check it for errors.

 If you find mistakes, submit a request to each of the credit bureaus asking them to fix the mistake. For more information about correcting errors on your credit report, visit consumerfinance.gov/askcfpb.
- ☐ For more on home loans and credit, visit consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home.

NOW

- If your credit score is below 700, you will likely pay more for your mortgage.
- Most credit scoring models are built so you can shop for a mortgage within a certain period-generally between 14 days and 45 days-with little or no impact on your score. If you shop outside of this period, any change triggered by shopping should be minor-a small price to pay for saving money on a mortgage loan.

IN THE FUTURE

- If you work on improving your credit and wait to buy a home, you will likely save money. Some people who improve their credit save \$50 or \$100 on a typical monthly mortgage payment.
- An average consumer who adopts healthy credit habits, such as paying bills on time and paying down credit cards, could see a credit score improvement in three months or more.

TIP

Be careful making any big purchases on credit before you close on your home. Even financing a new refrigerator could make it harder for you to get a mortgage.

TIP

Correcting errors on your credit report may raise your score in 30 days or less. It's a good idea to correct errors before you apply for a mortgage.



☐ I will go with the credit I have.

OR

☐ I will wait a few months or more and work to improve my credit.

3. Pick the mortgage type-fixed or adjustable-that works for you

With a fixed-rate mortgage, your principal and interest payment stays the same for as long as you have your loan.

- Consider a fixed-rate mortgage if you want a predictable payment.
- You may be able to refinance later if interest rates fall or your credit or financial situation improves.

With an adjustable-rate mortgage (ARM), your payment often starts out lower than with a fixed-rate loan, but your rate and payment could increase quickly. It is important to understand the trade-offs if you decide on an ARM.

- Your payment could increase a lot, often by hundreds of dollars a month.
- Make sure you are confident you know what your maximum payment could be and that you can afford it.

Planning to sell your home within a short period of time? That's one reason some people consider an ARM. But, you probably shouldn't count on being able to sell or refinance. Your financial situation could change. Home values may go down or interest rates may go up.

You can learn more about ARMs in the Consumer Handbook on Adjustable Rate Mortgages (files.consumerfinance.gov/f/201401_cfpb_booklet_charm.pdf) or by visiting consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home.

YOUR CHOICE

☐ I prefer a fixed-rate mortgage. OR ☐ I prefer an adjustable-rate mortgage.

Check for risky loan features

Some loans are safer and more predictable than others. It is a good idea to make sure you are comfortable with the risks you are taking on when you buy your home. You can find out if you have certain types of risky loan features from the Loan Terms section on the first page of your Loan Estimate.

A balloon payment is a large payment you must make, usually at the end of your loan repayment period. Depending on the terms of your loan, the balloon payment could be as large as the entire balance on your mortgage.

A prepayment penalty is an amount you have to pay if you refinance or pay off your loan early. A prepayment penalty may apply even if you sell your home.

TIP

Many borrowers with ARMs underestimate how much their interest rates can rise.

4. Choose the right down payment for you

A down payment is the amount you pay toward the home yourself. You put a percentage of the home's value down and borrow the rest through your mortgage loan.



YOUR DOWN PAYMENT	WHAT THAT MEANS FOR YOU
☐ I will put down 20% or more.	A 20% or higher down payment likely provides the best rates and most options. However, think twice if the down payment drains all your savings.
□ I will put down between 5% and 19%.	You probably have to pay higher interest rates or fees. Lenders most likely require private mortgage insurance (PMI). PMI is an insurance policy that lets you make a lower down payment by insuring the lender against loss if you fail to pay your mortgage.
	Keep in mind when you hear about "no PMI" offers that doesn't mean zero cost. No PMI offers often have higher interest rates and may also require you to take out a second mortgage. Be sure you understand the details.
☐ I will make no down payment or a small one of less than 5%.	Low down payment programs are typically more expensive because they may require mortgage insurance or a higher interest rate. Look closely at your total fees, interest rate, and monthly payment when comparing options.
	Ask about loan programs such as:
	 Conventional loans that may offer low down payment options.
	 FHA, which offers a 3.5% down payment program.
	 VA, which offers a zero down payment option for qualifying veterans.
	 USDA, which offers a similar zero down payment program for eligible borrowers in rural areas.

The advantages of prepayment

Prepayment is when you make additional mortgage payments so you pay down your mortgage early. This reduces your overall cost of borrowing, and you may be able to cancel your private mortgage insurance early and stop paying the premium. Especially if your down payment is less than 20%, it may make sense to make additional payments to pay down your loan earlier.

TIP

Prepayment is your choice. You don't have to sign up for a program or pay a fee to set it up.

5. Understand the trade-off between points and interest rate

Points are a percentage of a loan amount. For example, when a loan officer talks about one point on a \$100,000 loan, the loan officer is talking about one percent of the loan, which equals \$1,000. Lenders offer different interest rates on loans with different points. There are three main choices you can make about points. You can decide you don't want to pay or receive points at all. This is called a zero point loan. You can pay points at closing to receive a lower interest rate. Or you can choose to have points paid to you (also called lender credits) and use them to cover some of your closing costs.

The example below shows the trade-off between points as part of your closing costs and interest rates. In the example, you borrow \$180,000 and qualify for a 30-year fixed-rate loan at an interest rate of 5.0% with zero points. Rates currently available may be different than what is shown in this example.

COMPARE THREE SCENARIOS OF HOW POINTS AFFECT INTEREST RATE

RATE	4.875%	5.0%	5.125%
POINTS	+0.375	0	-0.375
YOUR SITUATION	You plan to keep your mortgage for a long time. You can afford to pay more cash at closing.	You are satisfied with the market rate without points in either direction.	You don't want to pay a lot of cash upfront and you can afford a larger mortgage payment.
YOU MAY CHOOSE	Pay points now and get a lower interest rate. This will save you money over the long run.	Zero points.	Pay a higher interest rate and get a lender credit toward some or all of your closing costs.
WHAT THAT MEANS	You might agree to pay \$675 more in closing costs, in exchange for a lower rate of 4.875%. Now: You pay \$675 Over the life of the loan: Pay \$14 less each month	With no adjustments in either direction, it is easier to understand what you're paying and to compare prices.	You might agree to a higher rate of 5.125%, in exchange for \$675 toward your closing costs. Now: You get \$675 Over the life of the loan: Pay \$14 more each month

6. Shop with several lenders

You've figured out what affordable means for you. You've reviewed your credit and the kind of mortgage and down payment that best fits your situation. Now is the time to start shopping seriously for a loan. The work you do here could save you thousands of dollars over the life of your mortgage.

GATHER FACTS AND COMPARE COSTS

☐ Make a list of several lenders you will start with

Mortgages are typically offered by community banks, credit unions, mortgage brokers, online lenders, and large banks. These lenders have loan officers you can talk to about your situation.

Get the facts from the lenders on your list

Find out from the lenders what loan options they recommend for you, and the costs and benefits for each. For example, you might find a discount is offered for borrowers who have completed a home buyer education program.

☐ Get at least three offers—in writing—so that you can compare them

Review the decisions you made on pages 4 to 8 to determine the loan type, down payment, total monthly home payment and other features to shop for. Now ask at least three different lenders to give you a Loan Estimate, which is a standard form showing important facts about the loan. It should be sent to you within three days, and it shouldn't be expensive. Lenders can charge you only a small fee for getting your credit report—and some lenders provide the Loan Estimate without that fee.

☐ Compare Total Loan Costs

Review your Loan Estimates and compare Total Loan Costs, which you can see under Section D at the bottom left of the second page of the Loan Estimate. Total Loan Costs include what your lender charges to make the loan, as well as costs for services such as appraisal and title. The third page of the Loan Estimate shows the Annual Percentage Rate (APR), which is a measure of your costs over the loan term expressed as a rate. Also shown on the third page is the **Total Interest Percentage** (TIP), which is the total amount of interest that you pay over the loan term as a percentage of your loan amount. You can use APR and TIP to compare loan offers.

RESEARCH STARTER

Loan costs can vary widely from lender to lender, so this is one place where a little research may help you save a lot of money. Here's how:

- ☐ Ask real estate and title professionals about average costs in your area.
- ☐ Learn more about loan costs, and get help comparing options, at consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home.

10 YOUR HOME LOAN TOOLKIT

TIP

A loan officer is not necessarily shopping on your behalf or providing you with the best fit or lowest cost loan.

TIP

It is illegal for a lender to pay a loan officer more to steer you into a higher cost loan.



Talking to different lenders helps you to know what options are available and to feel more in control. Here is one way to start the conversation:

"This mortgage is a big decision and I want to get it right. Another lender is offering me a different loan that may cost less. Let's talk about what the differences are and whether you may be able to offer me the best deal."

TRACK YOUR LOAN OFFERS

Fill in the blanks for these important factors:

	LOAN OFFER 1	LOAN OFFER 2	LOAN OFFER 3
Lender name			
Loan amount	\$	\$	\$
Interest rate	%	%	%
	□ Fixed □ Adjustable	□ Fixed □ Adjustable	☐ Fixed ☐ Adjustable
Monthly principal and interest	\$	\$	\$
Monthly mortgage insurance	\$	\$	\$
Total Loan Costs (See section D on the second page of your Loan Estimate.)	\$	\$	\$

My best loan offer is:

7. Choose your mortgage

You've done a lot of hard work to get this far! Now it is time to make your call.

CONFIRM YOUR DECISION Check the box if you agree with the statement:
I can repay this loan.
I am comfortable with my monthly payment.
I shopped enough to know this is a good deal for me.
There are no risky features such as a balloon payment or prepayment penalty I can't handle down the road.
I know whether my principal and interest payment will increase in the future.

Still need advice? The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) sponsors housing counseling agencies throughout the country to provide free or low-cost advice. To find a HUD-approved housing counselor visit consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor or call HUD's interactive voice system at (800) 569-4287.

Intent to proceed

When you receive a Loan Estimate, the lender has not yet approved or denied your loan. Up to this point, they are showing you what they expect to offer if you decide to move forward with your application. You have not committed to this lender. In fact, you are not committed to any lender before you have signed final closing documents.

Once you have found your best mortgage, the next step is to tell the loan officer you want to proceed with that mortgage application. This is called expressing your intent to proceed. Lenders have to wait until you express your intent to proceed before they require you to pay an application fee, appraisal fee, or most other fees.

Rate lock

Your Loan Estimate may show a rate that has been "locked" or a rate that is "floating," which means it can go up or down. Mortgage interest rates change daily, sometimes hourly. A rate lock sets your interest rate for a period of time. Rate locks are typically available for 30, 45, or 60 days, and sometimes longer.

The interest rate on your Loan Estimate is not a quarantee. If your rate is floating and it is later locked, your interest rate will be set at that later time. Also, if there are changes in your application-including your loan amount, credit score, or verified income-your rate and terms will probably change too. In those situations, the lender gives you a revised Loan Estimate.

There can be a downside to a rate lock. It may be expensive to extend if your transaction needs more time. And, a rate lock may lock you out of better market pricing if rates fall.

THE TALK

Rate lock policies vary by lender. Choosing to lock or float your rate can make an important difference in your monthly payment. To avoid surprises, ask:

"What does it mean if I lock my rate today?"

"What rate lock time frame does this Loan Estimate provide?"

"Is a shorter or longer rate lock available, and at what cost?"

"What if my closing is delayed and the rate lock expires?"

"If I lock my rate, are there any conditions under which my rate could still change?"

8. Avoid pitfalls

WHAT NOT TO DO	WHY?
Don't sign documents where important details are left blank or documents you don't understand.	You are agreeing to repay a substantial amount of money over an extended period of time. Make sure you know what you are getting into and protect yourself from fraud.
Don't assume you are on your own.	HUD-approved housing counselors can help you navigate the process and find programs available to help first-time homebuyers.
	You can find a HUD-approved housing counselor in your area at consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor or call HUD's interactive voice system at (800) 569-4287.
Don't take on more mortgage than you want or can afford.	Make certain that you want the loan that you are requesting and that you are in a position to live up to your end of the bargain.
Don't count on refinancing, and don't take out a loan if you already know you will have to change it later.	If you are not comfortable with the loan offered to you, ask your lender if there is another option that works for you. Keep looking until you find the right loan for your situation.
Don't fudge numbers or documents.	You are responsible for an accurate and truthful application. Be upfront about your situation. Mortgage fraud is a serious offense.
Don't hide important financial information.	Hiding negative information may delay or derail your loan application.

Handle problems

WHAT HAPPENED	WHAT TO DO ABOUT IT
I have experienced a problem with my loan application or how my loan officer is treating me.	Ask to talk to a supervisor. It may be a good idea to talk to the loan officer first, and if you are not satisfied, ask to speak with a supervisor.
I think I was unlawfully discriminated against when I applied for a loan or when I tried to buy a home.	The Fair Housing Act and Equal Credit Opportunity Act prohibit housing and credit discrimination. If you think you have been discriminated against during any part of the mortgage process, you can submit a complaint and describe what happened. To do so, you can call the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau at (855) 411-2372 or visit consumerfinance.gov/complaint. Submit a complaint to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) by calling (800) 669-9777, TTY (800) 927-9275. Or, file a complaint online at HUD.gov. You can find more information about your rights and how to submit a complaint with the CFPB at consumerfinance.gov/fair-lending.
I have a complaint.	Submit a complaint to the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau if you have problems at any stage of the mortgage application or closing process, or later if you have problems making payments or become unable to pay. You can call (855) 411-2372 or visit consumerfinance.gov/complaint.
I think I may have been the victim of a predatory lender or a loan fraud.	Don't believe anyone who tells you they are your "only chance to get a loan," or that you must "act fast." Learn the warning signs of predatory lending and protect yourself. Find more information at portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/housing/sfh/hcc/OHC_PREDLEND/OHC_LOANFRAUD. You could learn more about your loan officer at nmlsconsumeraccess.org.

Your closing



You've chosen a mortgage. Now it's time to select and work with your closing agent.

Once you've applied for a mortgage, you may feel like you're done. But mortgages are complicated and you still have choices to make.

IN THIS SECTION

- Shop for mortgage closing services
- 2. Review your revised Loan Estimate
- **3.** Understand and use your Closing Disclosure

1. Shop for mortgage closing services

Once you've decided to move forward with a lender based on the Loan Estimate, you are ready to shop for the **closing agent** who gathers all the legal documents, closes the loan, and handles the money involved in your purchase. After you apply for a loan, your lender gives you a list of companies that provide closing services. You may want to use one of the companies on the list. Or, you may be able to choose companies that are not on the list if your lender agrees to work with your choice. The seller cannot require you to buy a title insurance policy from a particular title company.

Closing agent

In most of the country, a settlement agent does your closing. In other states, particularly several states in the West, the person is known as an escrow agent. And in some states, particularly in the Northeast and South, an attorney may be required.

Q

RESEARCH STARTER

When you compare closing agents, look at both cost and customer service.

Ask your real estate professional and your friends. These people may know companies they would recommend. Be sure to ask how that company handled problems and if they have a good reputation.

TIP

Settlement services may feel like a drop in the bucket compared to the cost of the home. But in some states borrowers who shop around may save hundreds of dollars.

Review the list of companies your lender gave you. Select a few companies on the list and ask for references from people who recently bought a home. Ask those people how the company handled problems that came up during the transaction.

Title insurance

When you purchase your home, you receive a document most often called a deed, which shows the seller transferred their legal ownership, or "title," to the home to you. Title insurance can provide protection if someone later sues and says they have a claim against the home. Common claims come from a previous owner's failure to pay taxes or from contractors who say they were not paid for work done on the home before you purchased it.

Most lenders require a Lender's Title Insurance policy, which protects the amount they lent. You may want to buy an Owner's Title Insurance policy, which protects your financial investment in the home. The Loan Estimate you receive lists the Owner's Title Insurance policy as optional if your lender does not require the policy as a condition of the loan.

Depending on the state where you are buying your home, your title insurance company may give you an itemized list of fees at closing. This itemized list may be required under state law and may be different from what you see on your Loan Estimate or Closing Disclosure. That does not mean you are being charged more. If you add up all the title-related costs your title insurance company gives you, it should match the totals of all the title-related costs you see on your Loan Estimate or Closing Disclosure. When comparing costs for title insurance, make sure to compare the bottom line total.

Home inspector and home appraiser

When you are considering buying a home, it is smart to check it out carefully to see if it is in good condition. The person who does this for you is called a home inspector. The inspector works for you and should tell you whether the home you want to buy is in good condition and whether you are buying a "money pit" of expensive repairs. Get your inspection before you are finally committed to buy the home.

A home inspector is different from a home appraiser. The appraiser is an independent professional whose job is to give the lender an estimate of the home's market value. You are entitled to a copy of the appraisal prior to your closing. This allows you to see how the price you agreed to pay compares to similar and recent property sales in your area.

79

2. Review your revised Loan Estimate

When important information changes, your lender is required to give you a new Loan Estimate that shows your new loan offer.

It is illegal for a lender to quote you low fees and costs for its services on your Loan Estimate and then surprise you with much higher costs in a revised Loan Estimate or Closing Disclosure. However, a lender may change the fees it quotes you for its services if the facts on your application were wrong or changed, you asked for a change, your lender found you did not qualify for the original loan offer, or your Loan Estimate expired.

Here are common reasons why your Loan Estimate might change:

- You decided to change loan programs or the amount of your down payment.
- The appraisal on the home you want to buy came in higher or lower than expected.
- You took out a new loan or missed a payment and that has changed your credit.
- Your lender could not document your overtime, bonus, or other income.

THE TALK

If your Loan Estimate is revised you should look it over to see what changed. Ask your lender:

"Can you explain why I received a new Loan Estimate?"

"How is my loan transaction different from what I was originally expecting?"

"How does this change my loan amount, interest rate, monthly payment, cash to close, and other loan features?"

3. Understand and use your Closing Disclosure

You've chosen a home you want to buy and your offer has been accepted. You've also applied for and been approved for a mortgage. Now you are ready to take legal possession of the home and promise to repay your loan.

At least three days before your closing, you should get your official Closing Disclosure, which is a five-page document that gives you more details about your loan, its key terms, and how much you are paying in fees and other costs to get your mortgage and buy your home.

Many of the costs you pay at closing are set by the decisions you made when you were shopping for a mortgage. Charges shown under "services you can shop for" may increase at closing, but generally by no more than 10% of the costs listed on your final Loan Estimate.

The Closing Disclosure breaks down your closing costs into two big categories:

YOUR LOAN COSTS

- The lender's Origination Costs to make or "originate" the loan, along with application fees and fees to underwrite your loan. **Underwriting** is the lender's term for making sure your credit and financial information is accurate and you meet the lender's requirements for a loan.
- Discount points—that is, additional money you pay up front to reduce your interest rate.
- Services you shopped for, such as your closing or settlement agent and related title costs.
- Services your lender requires for your loan. These include appraisals and credit reports.

OTHER COSTS

- Property taxes.
- Homeowner's insurance premiums. You can shop around for homeowner's insurance from your current insurance company, or many others, until you find the combination of premium, coverage, and customer service that fits your situation. Your lender will ask you for proof you have an insurance policy on your new home.
- Any portion of your total mortgage payment you must make before your first full payment is due.
- Flood insurance, if required.

Q RESEARCH STARTER

Get tips, a step-by-step checklist, and help with the rest of the documents you'll see at closing at consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home.

What is your Closing Disclosure?

The five-page Closing Disclosure sums up the terms of your loan and what you pay at closing. You can easily compare the numbers to the Loan Estimate you received earlier. There should not be any significant changes other than those you have already agreed to.

Take out your own Closing Disclosure, or review the example here. Double-check that you clearly understand what you'll be expected to pay-over the life of your loan and at closing.

ON PAGE 1 OF 5

Loan terms

Review your monthly payment. Part of it goes to repay what you borrowed (and may build equity in your new home), and part of it goes to pay interest (which doesn't build equity). Equity is the current market value of your home minus the amount you still owe on your mortgage.

Costs at Closing

Be prepared to bring the full "Cash to Close" amount with you to your closing. This amount includes your down payment and closing costs. The closing costs are itemized on the following pages.

Closing Disclosure

This form is a statement of final loan terms and closing costs. Compare this document with your Loan Estimate.

Closing Informa	ntion	Transactio	on Information	
Date Issued	4/15/2013	Borrower	Michael Jones and Ma	
Closing Date	4/15/2013		123 Anywhere Street	
Disbursement Date	4/15/2013		Anytown, ST 12345	
Settlement Agent	Epsilon Title Co.	Seller	Steve Cole and Amy D	

321 Somewhere Drive Anytown, ST 12345 12-3456 456 Somewhere Ave Anytown, ST 12345 Ficus Bank

Loan Information ary Stone Loan Term 30 years Purchase ■ Conventional □ FHA

> Loan ID# 123456789

Loan Terms		Can this amount increase after closing?
Loan Amount	\$162,000	NO
Interest Rate	3.875%	NO
Monthly Principal & Interest See Projected Payments below for your Estimated Total Monthly Payment	\$761.78	NO
		Does the loan have these features?
Prepayment Penalty		YES • As high as \$3,240 if you pay off the loan during the first 2 years
Balloon Payment		NO

Payment Calculation	Years 1-7		Years 8-30	
Principal & Interest	\$761.78			\$761.78
Mortgage Insurance	+	82.35	+	_
Estimated Escrow Amount can increase over time	+	206.13	+	206.13
Estimated Total Monthly Payment	\$1,050.26			\$967.91
Estimated Taxes, Insurance & Assessments Amount can increase over time See page 4 for details	\$356.13 a month	This estimate includes X Property Taxes X Homeowner's Insurance X Other: Homeowner's Associatio See Escrow Account on page 4 for de costs separately.		

Costs at Closing		
Closing Costs	\$9,712.10	Includes $\$4,694.05$ in Loan Costs $+\$5,018.05$ in Other Costs $-\$0$ in Lender Credits. See page 2 for details.
Cash to Close	\$14,147.26	Includes Closing Costs. See Calculating Cash to Close on page 3 for details.

Closing Disclosure, page 1. The most important facts about your loan are on the first page.

ON PAGE 2 OF 5

CLOSING DISCLOSURE

Total Loan Costs

Origination charges are fees your lender charges to make your loan. Some closing costs are fees paid to the providers selected by your lender. Some are fees you pay to providers you chose on your own.

Prepaids

Homeowner's insurance is often paid in advance for the first full year. Also, some taxes and other fees need to be paid in advance.

PAGE 1 OF 5 • LOAN ID # 123456789

	_	Borrow	er-Paid	Seller-P	Paid	Paid by
Loan Costs		At Closing	Before Closing	At Closing B	efore Closing	Others
A. Origination Charges		\$1,80	02.00			
01 0.25 % of Loan Amount (Poin	nts)	\$405.00				
D2 Application Fee D3 Underwriting Fee		\$300.00 \$1,097.00				
04		\$1,097.00				
05						
06						
07 08						
B. Services Borrower Did Not S	hop For	\$230	6.55			
01 Appraisal Fee	to John Smith Appraisers Inc.	1				\$405.00
02 Credit Report Fee	to Information Inc.		\$29.80			
03 Flood Determination Fee	to Info Co.	\$20.00				
04 Flood Monitoring Fee 05 Tax Monitoring Fee	to Info Co. to Info Co.	\$31.75 \$75.00				
06 Tax Status Research Fee	to Info Co.	\$80.00				
07						
08						
09 10						
C. Services Borrower Did Shop	For	\$2.65	55.50		-	
01 Pest Inspection Fee	to Pests Co.	\$120.50				
02 Survey Fee	to Surveys Co.	\$85.00				
03 Title – Insurance Binder	to Epsilon Title Co.	\$650.00				
04 Title – Lender's Title Insurance		\$500.00				
05 Title – Settlement Agent Fee 06 Title – Title Search	to Epsilon Title Co. to Epsilon Title Co.	\$500.00 \$800.00				
07	to Epsilon Title Co.	\$800.00				
08						
D. TOTAL LOAN COSTS (Borrow	ver-Paid)	\$4,69	94.05			
Loan Costs Subtotals (A + B + C)		\$4,664.25	\$29.80			
			427.00			
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Other Costs			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
E. Taxes and Other Government		\$85				
E. Taxes and Other Government 01 Recording Fees	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00	\$85 \$85.00				
E. Taxes and Other Government 01 Recording Fees 02 Transfer Tax		\$85.00	5.00	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 01 Recording Fees 02 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State	\$85.00	5.00	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 01 Recording Fees 02 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 01 Homeowner's Insurance Prem	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State	\$85.00	5.00	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 01 Recording Fees 02 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State iium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co.	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04	5.00	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 11. Recording Fees 12. Transfer Tax 13. Fyrepaids 14. Homeowner's Insurance Premium 15. Mortgage Insurance Premium 15. Prepaid Interest (\$17.44 per 15. Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An 15. Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State sium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. 1(mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13)	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96	5.00	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 01 Recording Fees 02 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 01 Homeowner's Insurance Premium 03 Prepaid Interest (\$17.44 per 04 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State inium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. 1 (mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) y County USA	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government Office (1) Recording Fees Description of Fees F. Prepaids Office (1) Homeowner's Insurance Premium Mortgage Insurance Premium Property Taxes (6 mo.) to Art G. Initial Escrow Payment at Clo G. Initial Escrow Payment at Clo	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State iium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) sy County USA	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 01 Recording Fees 02 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 01 Mortgage Insurance Prem 02 Mortgage Insurance Premium 03 Prepaid Interest (517.44 per 04 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An 05 05 06 Initial Escrow Payment at Clo 01 Homeowner's Insurance \$100.0	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State slium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) yo County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo.	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 01 Recording Fees 02 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 01 Homeowner's Insurance Premium 03 Prepaid Interest (\$17.44 per 04 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to Arr 05 G. Initial Escrow Payment at Cle 10 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 10 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 11 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 12 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 13 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 14 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 15 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 16 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 17 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 18 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 18 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 19 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 19 Mortgage Insurance \$100.1 10 Insurance \$100.1 11 Insurance \$100.1 11 Insurance \$100.1 12 Insurance \$100.1 13 Insurance \$100.1 14 Insurance \$100.1 15 Insurance \$100.1 16 Insurance \$100.1 16 Insurance \$100.1 17 Insurance \$100.1 18 Insurance \$100.1	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State situm (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 (mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) yy County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo.	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 11 Homeowner's Insurance Premium 32 Prepaid Interest (\$17.44 per 44 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An 55 G. Initial Escrow Payment at Clo 11 Homeowner's Insurance \$100.1 22 Mortgage Insurance 30 Property Taxes \$105.0 44	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State slium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) yo County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo.	\$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$41: \$201.66	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 13 Homeowner's Insurance Prem 24 Mortgage Insurance Premium 25 Prepaid Interest (517.44 per 26 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An 27 Oct. 28 Insurance Stool: 29 Mortgage Insurance Stool: 20 Mortgage Insurance 30 Property Taxes 40 Stool: 41 Homeowner's Insurance 42 Stool: 43 Property Taxes 44 Stool: 46 Stool: 47 Stool: 48 Stool: 48 Stool: 48 Stool: 48 Stool: 49 Stool: 49 Stool: 40 Stool: 41 Stool: 42 Stool: 43 Stool: 44 Stool: 46 Stool: 47 Stool: 48 Stool: 48 Stool: 49 Stool: 40 Stoo	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State situm (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 (mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) yy County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo.	\$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$41: \$201.66	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 12 Mortgage Insurance Premium 13 Prepaid Interest (\$17.44 per 14 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An 15 G. Initial Escrow Payment at Cle 14 Homeowner's Insurance \$100. 15 Mortgage Insurance 15 Property Taxes (5 mo.) to An 16 Signature \$100. 17 Mortgage Insurance 18 Property Taxes \$105.	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State situm (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 (mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) yy County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo.	\$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$41: \$201.66	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 12 Mortgage Insurance Premium 23 Mortgage Insurance Premium 24 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An 25 Continual Escrow Payment at Clc 26 Homeowner's Insurance \$100.0 27 Mortgage Insurance 38 Property Taxes 40 Signature 5105.0 60 Government 5105.0 61 Fees Taxes 62 Fees Taxes 63 Froperty Taxes 63 Froperty Taxes 64 Government 65 Government 66 Government 67 Fees Taxes 67 Fees Taxes 68 Government 68 Government 69 Fees Taxes 69 Government 69 Government 69 Government 69 Government 60 Governme	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State situm (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 (mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) yy County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo.	\$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$41: \$201.66	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 12 Mortgage Insurance Premium 13 Prepaid Interest (\$17.44 per 14 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An 15 G. Initial Escrow Payment at Cle 14 Homeowner's Insurance \$100. 15 Mortgage Insurance 15 Property Taxes (5 mo.) to An 16 Signature \$100. 17 Mortgage Insurance 18 Property Taxes \$105.	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State situm (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 (mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) yy County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo.	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$411 \$201.66	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 13 Homeowner's Insurance Premium 23 Prepaid Interest (517.44 per 44 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to Ar 55 6. Initial Escrow Payment at Cle 20 Mortgage Insurance 21 Homeowner's Insurance \$100.1 22 Mortgage Insurance 33 Property Taxes 5105. 44 505 66 67 708 8 Aggregate Adjustment H. Other H. Other	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State sitium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) by County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for 2 mo. per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc.	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$411 \$201.66 \$210.60	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 12 Mortgage Insurance Premium 13 Prepaid Interest (\$17.44 per 14 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to An 15 G. Initial Escrow Payment at Cle 14 Homeowner's Insurance 19 Mortgage Insurance 19 Mortgage Insurance 10 Mortgage Insurance 11 Mortgage Insurance 11 Mortgage Insurance 12 Mortgage Insurance 13 Mortgage Insurance 14 Mortgage Insurance 15 Mortgage Insurance 16 Mortgage Insurance 16 Mortgage Insurance 17 Mortgage Insurance 18 Mortgage Insurance 18 Mortgage Insurance 18 Mortgage Insurance 19 Mortgage Insurance 10 Mortgag	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State itim (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. 1(mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) yy County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for 2 mo. per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc.	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$41: \$201.66 \$210.60	20.80	\$950.00		
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 13 Homeowner's Insurance Premi 24 Mortgage Insurance Premium 25 Prepaid Interest (517.44 per 26 Junital Escrow Payment at Clo 27 Homeowner's Insurance 5100.10 28 Mortgage Insurance 29 Property Taxes 20 Mortgage Insurance 30 Property Taxes 3105.04 30 Mortgage Insurance 30 Property Taxes 3105.04 40 Homeowner's Insurance 31 Property Taxes 3105.04 41 Howe Taxes 42 Howe Taxes 43 How Hospaction Fee 44 How Capital Contribution 45 How Hospaction Fee	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State titum (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. (1 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) sycCounty USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo. 30 per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to Engineers Inc.	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$411 \$201.66 \$210.60	20.80		\$750.00	
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 20 Homeowner's Insurance Premium 23 Prepaid Interest (517.44 per 24 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to Ar 25 G. Initial Escrow Payment at Cla 20 Hortgage Insurance 20 Mortgage Insurance 30 Property Taxes (5 mo.) to Ar 26 Homeowner's Insurance 37 Property Taxes (5 mo.) 40 Homeowner's Insurance 38 Property Taxes (5 mo.) 40 Homeowner's Insurance 40 Homeowner's Insurance 510.10 HoA Capital Contribution 51 HOA Capital Contribution 52 HOA Processing Fee 53 Home Inspection Fee	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State itim (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. 11 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) eyc County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo. 30 per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to Engineers Inc. to XYZ Warranty Inc.	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$41: \$201.66 \$210.60	20.80	\$450.00	\$750.00	
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 13 Homeowner's Insurance Premium 23 Mortgage Insurance Premium 24 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to Art 25 G. Initial Escrow Payment at Clc 26 Homeowner's Insurance \$100.10 27 Mortgage Insurance 28 Property Taxes 29 Property Taxes 30 Society Office of Society 30 Aggregate Adjustment 40 H. Other 10 HOA Capital Contribution 29 HOA Processing Fee 30 Home Inspection Fee 30 Home Inspection Fee 40 Home Warranty Fee 50 Real Estate Commission	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State itium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. it (1 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) yt County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for 2 mo. per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to KIPA WER	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$41: \$201.66 \$210.60	20.80	\$450.00 \$5,700.00	\$750.00	
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 13 Homeowner's Insurance Premium 23 Prepaid Interest (517.44 per 44 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to Ar 55 61 Initial Escrow Payment at Cle 201 Homeowner's Insurance 31 Property Taxes (5 mo.) to Ar 502 Mortgage Insurance 31 Property Taxes (5 mo.) 40 September 1 Septemb	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State itium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. it mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) by County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo. 30 per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to KIPA Warranty Inc. to Alpha Real Estate Broker to Omega Real Estate Broker	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$41: \$201.66 \$210.60	20.80	\$450.00	\$750.00	
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 13 Homeowner's Insurance Premi 24 Mortgage Insurance Premi 25 Propaid Interest (517.44 per 26 Javan Strakes (6 mo.) to An 27 Anon Strakes (6 mo.) to An 28 Anon Strakes (6 mo.) to An 29 Anon Strakes (6 mo.) to An 20 Mortgage Insurance 210 Mortgage Insurance 210 Mortgage Insurance 210 Mortgage Insurance 25 Property Taxes 26 Javan 26 Angregate Adjustment 27 H. Other 28 H. Other 29 Home Inspection Fee 29 Home Warranty Fee 20 Real Estate Commission 20 Real Estate Commission 20 Title – Owner's Title Insurance	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State itium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. 11 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) oy County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo. 30 per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to KOA Real Estate Broker to Omega Real Estate Broker to Omega Real Estate Broker (optional) to Epsilon Title Co.	\$85.00 \$2,11 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$411 \$201.66 \$210.60 \$150.00 \$150.00 \$150.00	20.80	\$450.00 \$5,700.00	\$750.00	
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 21 Homeowner's Insurance Premium 22 Mortgage Insurance Premium 23 Prepaid Interest (517.44 per 24 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to Ar 25 G. Initial Escrow Payment at Cla 21 Homeowner's Insurance S100.1 22 Mortgage Insurance 23 Property Taxes (5 mo.) to Ar 26 Homeowner's Insurance S100.1 26 Mortgage Insurance 27 Homeowner's Insurance S100.1 27 HoA Capital Contribution 28 HOA Processing Fee 29 Home Inspection Fee 29 Home Inspection Fee 30 Home Inspection Fee 31 Home Inspection Fee 32 Home Great Estate Commission 33 Froger Title Insurance 34 Insurance S100.1 35 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 37 Title - Owner's Title Insurance 38 Insurance S100.1 38 Insurance S100.1 39 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 32 Fee S100.1 33 Fee S100.1 34 Fee S100.1 35 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 37 Fee S100.1 37 Fee S100.1 38 Fee S100.1 38 Fee S100.1 39 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 32 Fee S100.1 33 Fee S100.1 34 Fee S100.1 35 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 37 Fee S100.1 38 Fee S100.1 38 Fee S100.1 39 Fee S100.1 30 Fee Fee S100.1 30 Fee Fee Fee S100.1 30 Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fe	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State itium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. 11 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) eyc County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo. 30 per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to Engineers Inc. to XYZ Warranty Inc. to Alpha Real Estate Broker to Omega Real Estate Broker to Omega Real Estate Broker (optional) to Epsilon Title Co.	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$431.85 \$201.66 \$210.60 \$210.60 \$2,44 \$500.00 \$750.00 \$1,000.00	20.80	\$450.00 \$5,700.00	\$750.00	
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 21 Homeowner's Insurance Premium 22 Mortgage Insurance Premium 23 Prepaid Interest (517.44 per 24 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to Ar 25 G. Initial Escrow Payment at Cla 21 Homeowner's Insurance S100.1 22 Mortgage Insurance 23 Property Taxes (5 mo.) to Ar 26 Homeowner's Insurance S100.1 26 Mortgage Insurance 27 Homeowner's Insurance S100.1 27 HoA Capital Contribution 28 HOA Processing Fee 29 Home Inspection Fee 29 Home Inspection Fee 30 Home Inspection Fee 31 Home Inspection Fee 32 Home Great Estate Commission 33 Froger Title Insurance 34 Insurance S100.1 35 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 37 Title - Owner's Title Insurance 38 Insurance S100.1 38 Insurance S100.1 39 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 32 Fee S100.1 33 Fee S100.1 34 Fee S100.1 35 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 37 Fee S100.1 37 Fee S100.1 38 Fee S100.1 38 Fee S100.1 39 Fee S100.1 30 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 31 Fee S100.1 32 Fee S100.1 33 Fee S100.1 34 Fee S100.1 35 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 36 Fee S100.1 37 Fee S100.1 38 Fee S100.1 38 Fee S100.1 39 Fee S100.1 30 Fee Fee S100.1 30 Fee Fee Fee S100.1 30 Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Fe	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State itium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. 11 mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) eyc County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo. 30 per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to Engineers Inc. to XYZ Warranty Inc. to Alpha Real Estate Broker to Omega Real Estate Broker to Omega Real Estate Broker (optional) to Epsilon Title Co.	\$85.00 \$2,11 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$411 \$201.66 \$210.60 \$150.00 \$150.00 \$150.00	20.80	\$450.00 \$5,700.00	\$750.00	
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax E. Prepaids 13 Homeowner's Insurance Prem 24 Mortgage Insurance Premium 25 Prepaid Interest (517.44 per 26 Jensel Franse (6 mo.) to Ar 26 Jensel Franse (6 mo.) to Ar 27 Jensel Franse (6 mo.) to Ar 28 Arguerate (7 mo.) to Ar 29 Mortgage Insurance \$100.10 21 Mortgage Insurance \$100.10 22 Mortgage Insurance \$100.10 23 Property Taxes \$105.10 24 Mortgage Insurance \$105.10 25 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) to Ar 26 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) to Ar 27 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) to Ar 28 Aggregate Adjustment 29 H. Other 30 H. Other 40 H. Other 41 H. Other 42 Home Warranty Fee 43 Home Inspection Fee 44 Home Warranty Fee 45 Real Estate Commission 46 Real Estate Commission 47 Title – Owner's Title Insurance 48 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 49 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 40 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 40 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 40 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 41 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 41 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 42 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 43 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 44 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 44 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 45 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 46 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 46 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 47 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 48 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 48 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 49 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 49 Jensel Franse (7 mo.) 40 Jensel Franse	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State itium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. 1 (mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) oy County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo. 30 per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to Engineers Inc. to XYZ Warranty Inc. to Alpha Real Estate Broker (optional) to Epsilon Title Co. ver-Paid) + H)	\$85.00 \$2,11 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$411 \$201.66 \$210.60 -0.01 \$2,46 \$500.00 \$150.00 \$750.00 \$1,000.00 \$5,018.05	20.80	\$450.00 \$5,700.00	\$750.00	
E. Taxes and Other Government 11 Recording Fees 22 Transfer Tax F. Prepaids 13 Homeowner's Insurance Premi 24 Mortgage Insurance Premi 25 Propaid Interest (517.44 per 26 Javan Strakes (6 mo.) to An 27 Anon Strakes (6 mo.) to An 28 Anon Strakes (6 mo.) to An 29 Anon Strakes (6 mo.) to An 20 Mortgage Insurance 210 Mortgage Insurance 210 Mortgage Insurance 210 Mortgage Insurance 25 Property Taxes 26 Javan 26 Angregate Adjustment 27 H. Other 28 H. Other 29 Home Inspection Fee 29 Home Warranty Fee 20 Real Estate Commission 20 Real Estate Commission 20 Title – Owner's Title Insurance	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00 to Any State itium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. 1 (mo.) day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) oy County USA ssing 83 per month for 2 mo. per month for mo. 30 per month for 2 mo. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to HOA Acre Inc. to Engineers Inc. to XYZ Warranty Inc. to Alpha Real Estate Broker (optional) to Epsilon Title Co. ver-Paid) + H)	\$85.00 \$2,12 \$1,209.96 \$279.04 \$631.80 \$431.85 \$201.66 \$210.60 \$210.60 \$2,44 \$500.00 \$750.00 \$1,000.00	20.80	\$450.00 \$5,700.00	\$750.00	\$405.00

Escrow

An escrow or impound account is a special account where monthly insurance and tax payments are held until they are paid out each year. You get a statement showing how much money your lender or mortgage servicer plans to require for your escrow or impound account.

You also get an annual analysis showing what happened to the money in your account. Your lender must follow federal rules to make sure they do not end up with a large surplus or shortage in your escrow or impound account.

Details of your closing costs appear on page 2 of the Closing Disclosure.



USE YOUR CLOSING DISCLOSURE TO CONFIRM THE DETAILS OF YOUR LOAN

Circle one. If you answer no, turn to the page indicated for more information:

The interest rate is what I was expecting based on my Loan Estimate.	YES / NO (see page 10)
I know whether I have a prepayment penalty or balloon payment.	YES / NO (see page 7)
I know whether or not my payment changes in future years.	YES / NO (see page 7)
I see whether I am paying points or receiving points at closing.	YES / NO (see page 9)
I know whether I have an escrow account.	YES / NO (see above)

ON PAGE 3 OF 5

Calculating Cash to Close

Closing costs are only a part of the total cash you need to bring to closing.

Summaries of Transactions

The section at the bottom of the page sums up how the money flows among you, the lender, and the seller.

ON PAGE 4 OF 5

Loan Disclosures

Page 4 breaks down what is and is not included in your escrow or impound account. Make sure you understand what is paid from your escrow account and what you are responsible for paying yourself.

Top image: A summary of important financial information appears on page 3 of the Closing Disclosure.

Bottom image: More details of your loan appear on page 4 of your Closing Disclosure.

Calculating Cash to Close	Use this table to see what has changed from your Loan Estimate.				
	Loan Estimate	Final	Did t	his change?	
Total Closing Costs (J)	\$8,054.00	\$9,712.10	YES	See Total Loan Costs (D) and Total Other Costs (I)	
Closing Costs Paid Before Closing	\$0	- \$29.80	YES	You paid these Closing Costs before closing	
Closing Costs Financed Paid from your Loan Amount)	\$0	\$0	NO		
own Payment/Funds from Borrower	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00	NO		
eposit	- \$10,000.00	- \$10,000.00	NO		
unds for Borrower	\$0	\$0	NO		
eller Credits	\$0	- \$2,500.00	YES	See Seller Credits in Section L	
djustments and Other Credits	\$0	- \$1,035.04	YES	See details in Sections K and L	
ash to Close	\$16,054.00	\$14,147.26			

BORROWER'S TRANSACTION		SELL	LER'S TRANSA	CTION		
K. Due from Borrower at Closing	\$189,762.30	M. D	ue to Seller at	Closing		\$180,080.00
01 Sale Price of Property	\$180,000.00	01 S	Sale Price of Pro	perty		\$180,000.00
02 Sale Price of Any Personal Property Included in Sale		02 S	ale Price of An	y Personal F	Property Included in Sale	
03 Closing Costs Paid at Closing (J)	\$9,682.30	03			. ,	
04		04				
Adjustments		05				
05		06				
06		07				
07		08				
Adjustments for Items Paid by Seller in Advance		Adju	stments for It	tems Paid b	y Seller in Advance	
08 City/Town Taxes to		09	City/Town Tax	es	to	
09 County Taxes to		10	County Taxes		to	
10 Assessments to		11	Assessments		to	
11 HOA Dues 4/15/13 to 4/30/13	\$80.00	12	HOA Dues	4/15/13	to 4/30/13	\$80.00
12		13				
13		14				
14		15				
15		16				
L. Paid Already by or on Behalf of Borrower at Closing	\$175,615.04	N. Du	ue from Selle	at Closing		\$115,665.04
01 Deposit	\$10,000.00	01 E	xcess Deposit			
02 Loan Amount	\$162,000.00	02 C	Closing Costs P	aid at Closir	ng (J)	\$12,800.00
03 Existing Loan(s) Assumed or Taken Subject to		03 E	xisting Loan(s	Assumed o	or Taken Subject to	
04		04 P	Payoff of First N	Nortgage Lo	an	\$100,000.00
05 Seller Credit	\$2,500,00	05 P	Pavoff of Secon	d Mortgage	Loan	

Additional Information About This Loan

Loan Disclosures

Assumption

If you sell or transfer this property to another person, your lender will allow, under certain conditions, this person to assume this loan on the original terms.

will not allow assumption of this loan on the original terms.

emand Feature

Your loan

Late Paymen

If your payment is more than 15 days late, your lender will charge a late fee of 5% of the monthly principal and interest payment.

Negative Amortization (Increase in Loan Amount) Under your loan terms, you

☐ are scheduled to make monthly payments that do not pay all of the interest due that month. As a result, your loan amount will increase (negatively amortize), and your loan amount will likely become larger than your original loan amount. Increases in your loan amount lower the equity you have in this property.

may have monthly payments that do not pay all of the interest due that month. If you do, your loan amount will increase (negatively amortize), and, as a result, your loan amount may become larger than your original loan amount. Increases in your loan amount lower the equity you have in this property.

do not have a negative amortization feature.

Partial Payments

Your lender

🕱 may accept payments that are less than the full amount due (partial payments) and apply them to your loan.

☐ may hold them in a separate account until you pay the rest of the payment, and then apply the full payment to your loan.

does not accept any partial payments.

If this loan is sold, your new lender may have a different policy.

Security Interest

You are granting a security interest in 456 Somewhere Ave., Anytown, ST 12345

You may lose this property if you do not make your payments or satisfy other obligations for this loan.

Escrow Account For now, your loan

Will have an escrow account (also called an "impound" or "trust" account) to pay the property costs listed below. Without an escrow account, you would pay them directly, possibly in one or two large payments a year. Your lender may be liable for penalties and interest for failing to make a payment.

Escrow		
Escrowed Property Costs over Year 1	\$2,473.56	Estimated total amount over year 1 for your escrowed property costs: Homeowner's Insurance Property Taxes
Non-Escrowed Property Costs over Year 1	\$1,800.00	Estimated total amount over year 1 for your non-escrowed property costs: Homeowner's Association Dues You may have other property costs.
Initial Escrow Payment	\$412.25	A cushion for the escrow account you pay at closing. See Section G on page 2.
Monthly Escrow Payment	\$206.13	The amount included in your total monthly payment.

☐ will not have an escrow account because ☐you declined it ☐ your lender does not offer one. You must directly pay your property costs, such as taxes and homeowner's insurance. Contact your lender to ask if your loan can have an escrow account.

No Escrow	
Estimated Property Costs over Year 1	Estimated total amount over year 1. You must pay these costs directly, possibly in one or two large payments a year.
Escrow Waiver Fee	

In the future,

Your property costs may change and, as a result, your escrow payment may change. You may be able to cancel your escrow account, but if you do, you must pay your property costs directly. If you fail to pay your property taxes, your state or local government may (1) impose fines and penalties or (2) place a tax lien on this property. If you fail to pay any of your property costs, your lender may (1) add the amounts to your loan balance, (2) add an escrow account to your loan, or (3) require you to pay for property insurance that the lender buys on your behalf, which likely would cost more and provide fewer benefits than what you could buy on your own.

CLOSING DISCLOSURE

Total of Payments. Total you will have paid after you make all payments of principal, interest, mortgage insurance, and loan costs, as scheduled \$285,803.36 Finance Charge. The dollar amount the loan will \$118.830.27 **Amount Financed.** The loan amount available after paying your upfront finance charge. \$162,000.00 **Annual Percentage Rate (APR).** Your costs over the loan term expressed as a rate. This is not your 4.174% **Total Interest Percentage (TIP).** The total amount of interest that you will pay over the loan term as a percentage of your loan amount. 69.46%



loan terms or costs on this form, use the contact information below. To get more information or make a complaint, contact the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau at www.consumerfinance.gov/mortgage-closing

Questions? If you have questions about the

Other Disclosures

If the property was appraised for your loan, your lender is required to give you a copy at no additional cost at least 3 days before closing. If you have not yet received it, please contact your lender at the information listed below.

See your note and security instrument for information about

- what happens if you fail to make your payments,
 what is a default on the loan.
- situations in which your lender can require early repayment of the
- loan, and the rules for making payments before they are due.

Liability after Foreclosure

If your lender foreclosure does not this property and the foreclosure does not cover the amount of unpaid balance on this loan,

State law may protect you from liability for the unpaid balance. If you

refinance or take on any additional debt on this property, you may lose this protection and have to pay any debt remaining even after foreclosure. You may want to consult a lawyer for more information. state law does not protect you from liability for the unpaid balance.

Refinancing this loan will depend on your future financial situation, the property value, and market conditions. You may not be able to refinance this loan.

If you borrow more than this property is worth, the interest on the loan amount above this property's fair market value is not deductibl from your federal income taxes. You should consult a tax advisor for

Mortgage Broker Real Estate Broker Real Estate Broker Settlement Agent

icus Bank		(S)	
	Omega Real Broker Inc.	Estate Alpha Real Estate Broker Co.	Epsilon Title Co.
321 Random Blvd. omecity, ST 12340	789 Local Lar Sometown, S		123 Commerce PI. Somecity, ST 12344
	Z765416	Z61456	Z61616
oe Smith	Samuel Gree	n Joseph Cain	Sarah Arnold
2345			
	P16415	P51461	PT1234
pesmith@ cusbank.com	sam@omega	re.biz joe@alphare.biz	sarah@ epsilontitle.com
23-456-7890	123-555-171	7 321-555-7171	987-555-4321
2	esmith@	Sometown, S	Sometown, ST 12345 Someplace, ST 12 Z765416

Loan calculations, disclosures, and contact information for your files are on page 5 of the Closing Disclosure.

ON PAGE 5 OF 5

Finance Charge

In addition to paying back the amount you are borrowing, you pay a lot of interest over the life of the loan. This is why it is worthwhile to shop carefully for the best loan for your situation.

Annual Percentage Rate (APR)

Your APR is your total cost of credit stated as a rate. Your APR is generally higher than your interest rate, because the APR takes into consideration all the costs of your loan, over the full term of the loan.

If anything on the Closing Disclosure is not clear to you, ask your lender or settlement agent, "What does this mean?"

NOW

- Now you've spent time understanding what you need to do and what you need to pay, as a new homeowner.
- Now is the time to step back and feel sure you want to proceed with the loan.

IN THE FUTURE

- If you are not comfortable with your mortgage and your responsibility to make payments, you might not be able to keep your home.
- If you've made a careful decision about what you can afford and the mortgage you wanted, you will be able to balance owning your home and meeting your other financial goals.

Owning your home



Now you've closed on your mortgage and the home is yours.

Owning a home is exciting. And your home is also a large investment. Here's how to protect that investment.

Act fast if you get behind on your payments

IN THIS SECTION

- 1. Act fast if you get behind on your payments
- 2. Keep up with ongoing costs
- **3.** Determine if you need flood insurance
- **4.** Understand Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs) and refinancing

If you fall behind on your mortgage, the company that accepts payments on your mortgage contacts you. This company is your mortgage servicer. Your servicer is required to let you know what options are available to avoid foreclosure. Talk to your mortgage servicer if you get into trouble, and call a housing counselor (see page 12 for contact information). HUD-approved counselors are professionals who can help you, often at little or no charge to you.

Homeowners struggling to pay a mortgage should beware of scammers promising to lower mortgage payments. Only your mortgage servicer can evaluate you for a loan modification. If you suspect a scam you can call (855) 411-2372 or visit consumerfinance.gov/complaint.

2. Keep up with ongoing costs

Your mortgage payment is just one part of what it costs to live in your new home. Your escrow account holds your monthly taxes and homeowner's insurance payments—but if you have no escrow account, you need to keep up with these on your own. Your home needs maintenance and repairs, so budget and save for these too.

3. Determine if you need flood insurance

Flooding causes more than \$8 billion in damages in the United States in an average year. You can protect your home and its contents from flood damage. Depending on your property location, your home is considered either at high-risk or at moderate-to-low risk for a flood. Your insurance premium varies accordingly. You can find out more about flood insurance at FloodSmart.gov. Private flood insurance could also be available.

Although you may not be required to maintain flood insurance on all structures, you may still wish to do so, and your mortgage lender may still require you to do so to protect the collateral securing the mortgage. If you choose to not maintain flood insurance on a structure, and it floods, you are responsible for all flood losses relating to that structure.

4. Understand Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs) and refinancing

Homeowners sometimes decide they want to borrow against the value of their home to help remodel or pay for other large expenses. One way to do this is with a Home Equity Line of Credit (HELOC). You can learn more about HELOCs at files.consumerfinance.gov/f/201401_cfpb_booklet_heloc.pdf.

Financial counselors caution homeowners against using a HELOC to wipe out credit card debt. If you use a HELOC as a quick fix to a serious spending problem, you could end up back in debt and lose your home.

If you decide to take out a HELOC or refinance your mortgage, the Truth in Lending Act (TILA) gives you the right to rescind, meaning you can change your mind and cancel the loan. But you can only rescind a refinance or HELOC within three days of receiving a proper notice of the right to rescind from your lender. You cannot rescind if you are using your HELOC to buy a home.

In the case of a refinance, consider how long it will take for the monthly savings to pay for the cost of the refinance. Review the closing costs you paid for your original loan to purchase the home. Refinancing costs can be about the same amount. A common rule of thumb is to proceed only if the new interest rate saves you that amount over about two years (in other words, if you break even in about two years).

***** Congratulations!

You have accomplished a lot. It is not easy-you should feel proud of the work you've done.

Online tools

CFPB website consumerfinance.gov

Answers to common questions consumerfinance.gov/askcfpb

Tools and resources for home buyers consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home

Talk to a housing counselor consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor

■ General inquiries

Consumer Financial Protection Bureau 1700 G Street NW Washington DC 20552

! Submit a complaint

Online

consumerfinance.gov/complaint

By phone

855-411-CFPB (2372); TTY/TDD 855-729-CFPB (2372); 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern Time, Monday-Friday

By fax

855-237-2392

By mail

Consumer Financial Protection Bureau P.O. Box 4503 Iowa City, Iowa 52244

Share your thoughts

Facebook.com/cfpb